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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1893. NO. 71.

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It is situated at the entrance to Barclay Sound! It will be the largest Town north of San Francisco.

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Why?

Are the NEW SEASON'S JACKETS at the "WESTSIDE" worth inspection?

WHY?

BECAUSE they are the Spring Styles for 1893.

BECAUSE they are the patterns of leading Paris and Berlin manufactories.

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We submit the above reasons with some degree of pride and with perfect confidence that no silvery tongued advice is required to effect a sale. The price does all the talking.

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GENTLEMEN,—

I am now prepared to show you for Spring and Summer wear such a complete range of choice Suiting Materials bought from the most noted manufacturers, that they must be seen to be appreciated. English, Scotch and Irish Worsteds, Serges and Tweeds. I have them all, and all of the finest grades.

English Serge and Tweed Suitings, $32, $34, $36.
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Trouserings from $5 up, and made to order while waiting.

High class and clean, honest work with above prices. Distances competition. More particularly when I don't want your money if fit, finish and elegance in style don't make you feel like a new man, ready to shake hands with yourself.

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From the most renowned makers in Europe, in all the newest designs and colorings. These goods have been bought close and carefully selected and will be sold at a small margin of profit.

A Fine Assortment of Lace, Chenille, Damask and Silk Curtains; also Art Muslins, Reversible Cretonnes, Figured Cantons, Art Silks, Reps, Etc.

RUGS AND MATS in great variety. Call and be convinced that our statement is correct.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.

ROYAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Duke of York and Princess May, Lord Rosebery and Princess Maud of Wales.

The British Secretary for Foreign Affairs is Quite Safe as to Income.

The Princess of Wales and Not the Queen Caused the Delay in the First Case.

London, March 25.—The approaching formal announcement of the engagement of the Duke of York to Princess May will be accompanied by that of the engagement of Princess Maud of Wales to Lord Rosebery. The delay in the announcement of the first mentioned and more generally known engagement, is due to the desire of the Princess of Wales rather than is generally surmised, to any objection on the part of the Queen. Already, it is said, settlements for the future Lady Rosebery are being discussed, though it is not at all likely there will be any hitch upon that score. Lord Rosebery on his first marriage had a sum of £30,000 settled upon him, and absolutely out of his wife's (Miss Rothschild's) estate, and a life interest, subject to certain provisions for the children in the remainder. Now that his own estates are comparatively clear, they bring another probabie £25,000, while his honorarium of £5000 as minister of the crown, is in addition. Lord Rosebery will be 46 in a few weeks while the Princess is less than half his age.

EXPLAINED HIS POSITION.

Mr. Forster Addresses His Constituents—A "Dead Broke" Survey Party.

Nanaimo, March 25.—Mr. T. Foster, M. P.P., visited Northfield on Sunday and attended the regular meeting of the Union Lodge, and on request gave a short address as to the proceedings in the legislature, his reasons for voting against Keith's garnishee bill, and also the eight-hour question, which was received with much satisfaction by the members of Branch No. 4.

A meeting of the Nanaimo Gun club took place at the Globe Hotel on Thursday night, when new officers were duly installed. The first general shooting meeting will be held on the afternoon of Easter Monday, when quite a number of prizes will be contested for.

Messrs. A. R. Johnston & Co. are calling for tenders for another large building, which is to be erected on the corner of Bastion and Commercial streets.

News was received by the Joan yesterday of a survey party staying at Comox who are "dead broke." The survey party were engaged to survey the "Cananda Western" route from Duncan's Bay to Comox. On arriving at the latter place the engineer left for Victoria and the men have not heard from him since, and they still clag together in the hope that he will return and pay them their wages.

John Donovan, a sailor of the ship San Mateo, was brought down from Union yesterday to undergo three months in the Nanaimo jail for misconduct on the steamer.

The Nanaimo amateurs are now engaged in rehearsing the "Colleen Bawn," which they intend producing in the opera house next month. The performers will be Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Richardson, Dr. and Mrs. Praeger, Miss Reynard, G. Bate, F. Charlton and S. Richardson.

Burglary was attempted at South Wellington on Wednesday. The German lady who owns the house heard the intruder ransacking the rooms. She got up and fired a pistol at him. The shot did not take effect, and before she could send a second bullet the midnight marauder had decamped.

Mr. L. Lawrence has purchased the Vancouver livery stables, which he intends converting into a soda water works. The machinery from his old works will be fitted up in the new establishment.

Power of the People.

Camden, N.J., March 25.—A pitched battle was fought to-night between employees of thePennsylvania Railway and citizens of this place, and the citizens won. The railway has long claimed ownership in fee simple of Bridge avenue from Broadway to Sixth, and has successfully opposed the opening of it, although Randell E. Morgan a few years ago built a row of brick houses on the north side of the street. Employees of the Pennsylvania railway to-day began to build a high board fence along both sides of the street. The tenants of the houses informed Mr. Morgan and he warned the railroad men to stop work, but without effect. To-night just after sunset a crowd of men armed with axes and led by Mr. Morgan advanced upon the fence and laid it low, in spite of the resistance of the railway men. The victors are guarding the street to-night with policemen to help them.

Confiscated Liquor.

Boston, Mass., March 25.—Rabbi Schindler approves of the seizure by the police of a lot of liquor in the houses of Jewish residents in the North End. He says there is no such thing as sacred wines, as the owners claimed, and says no liquors come here from Palestine, as reported, for use in the Jewish Passover services.

Coral and Sponge Found.

Baltimore, March 25.—While the U. S. steamer Fishawk was at the old plantation lighthouse near Cape Charles yesterday, fishing in 26 fathoms of water as an experiment, Capt. Platts states that his net brought to he surface several large pieces of coral and sponge. This is he first time that coral and sponge have been found so far north.

Mexico Favors Gold.

City of Mexico, March 25.—It is suggested that the government place a small export duty on gold to prevent its leaving the country, and coin gold at the new rates of 20 to 1, thus inducing holders to keep it here for circulation. This would be a recognition of the changed ratio in the two metals, and it is believed that in the course of a few years Mexico would have gold in active circulation. The entire annual production is calculated at $5,000,000. Twenty years ago gold was freely employed here as money metal; it is now never seen in the country; the coinage being on a purely silver basis.

THE GREAT CANAL SCHEME.

Passage of the Bill by the Committee—Col. Prior's Pension Idea.

Ottawa, March 25.—The act to incorporate the North American Canal Company passed the railway committee today. This is the scheme for building a canal from Lake Erie to Montreal. A clause was inserted making the canal tolls 10 cents the same as on the Government canals. Between Lake Francis and Lake Champlain no tolls were fixed, because there is no Government canal there now.

Mr. Prior moved in the House to-day a resolution to place the permanent officers of the militia force on the pension list. Adolphe Caron said he had once had a bill prepared for this purpose. He approved of the scheme, which should be taken up next session. Minister Patterson said he would consider the matter. The resolution was then dropped.

Lieut. Gordon, R.N.R., who was for some years at the head of the fisheries protection service, and has lately been chief nautical adviser to the marine department, died yesterday at the age of 43. He commanded the expeditions to Hudson's Bay in 1884-86.

Prof. Macoun, botanist to the geological survey, will devote himself this summer to collecting specimens on Vancouver Island.

Yesterday the bill relating to canned goods was finally passed by the Senate, and it will shortly come up in the Commons. The British Columbia representatives are insisting that it must not become law this session, or else that their province be exempt from it operation for a year.

The agricultural committee has passed a resolution strongly urging the Government to re-appoint Dairy Commissioner Robertson, whose term of office is about expiring. It also decided to ask the Government to circulate throughout the Dominion a pamphlet on tuberculosis in cattle.

Regarding the proposal to appoint two commissioners to represent Canada at the World's Fair, the House decided to pay them expenses but not a salary.

Senator McInnes' amendment limiting the power of the Columbia and Kootenay Company to construct branches, was rejected by 27 to 17.

NO CHINESE WANTED.

Efforts Being Made to Exclude Celestials From New Industries.

Vancouver, March 25.—Fred Giles, accused of stealing a gold watch and $100, two years ago, was discharged this morning.

The trades and labor council are using endeavors to have no Chinese employed in the new cement works, the new cooperage and jute mill just erected. They have collected a mass of evidence on Chinese exclusion to be referred to the Dominion trades council.

Home Rulers are organizing to assist the cause, and a meeting will be held this evening.

The Oriental Traders Company which was announced as having assigned, has only voluntarily applied to be wound up by the courts.

There have ben no through trains since Wednesday, but four will arrive on Sunday.

BOILING WITH INDIGNATION.

Westminster Patriots Carry the City Hall by a Coup de Main and Cuss Their Rulers.

Resolution Passed Condemning Expenditure for New Parliament Buildings.

New Westminster, March 25.—About 600 people collected round the city hall last night, the doors being open and lights burning. The crowd marched in and took possession. Chairman James Johnson then asked if any officer of the law objected to a meeting being held there, and there being no reply the meeting got down to work. Dr. Cooper first spoke, condemning the government's action in erecting costly buildings at the capital at the present time, when the $600,000 appropriation would do so much differently expended.

It was moved by Dr. Cooper, seconded by Lawyer A. C. Brydone-Jack, that this meeting emphatically condemns the action of the provincial government in pledging the country to such an expenditure for parliamentary buildings, which, in the present circumstances of the province, is ruinously extravagant, and that we pledge ourselves to use all constitutional means to defend our liberies and assert our rights, and to this end we will heartily co-operate with people of other constituencies throughout the province. The resolution passed by acclamation.

In a mild way Mayor Curtis' action in refusing to call the meeting was condemned, but the motion did not carry without dissent. Mr. Brown, M. P.P., opposed the action of the government in expending $600,000 for this purpose, when the money was required for opening up the country. He did not believe in the appropriation policy.

R. McLeese, ex-M.P. for Cariboo, informed the meeting that the upper country was with Westminster in opposing this expenditure. The members from Cariboo would never warm a seat again in the house. Regarding Smith, of Lillooet, the people were particularly bitter., whilst Stoduard's action was highly applauded. He concluded by saying that "for ways that are dark and tricks that are vain" the Davie government "is peculiar." This brought down the house.

Lawyers J. A. Forin, A. C. Brydone-Jack, J. M. Duval, of Vancouver, and many others spoke. They strongly urged that if their rights were not sustained the mainland would only be recognized as the weaker half of the province. In a general way the speakers endorsed Mr. Brown's course in the house. The meeting broke up in perfect harmony. To-day a petition is out condemning last night's meeting and its object.

Three Convicts Escape.

Columbus, Ohio, March 25.—Shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon three prisoners escaped from the insane asylum at the penitentiary during the temporary absence of the guard. He had gone to the front part of the building to report. When he returned three men were missing. It is supposed the guard left the asylum door open and that the men were only feigning insanity and had secured berths in the asylum for the purpose of planing an escape. They got out over the walls.

—Madras Muslins and Art Silks in new designs and beautiful colorings at Weiler Bros.

DEATH OF COL. SHEPARD.

The Pious Editor of the Mail and Express Dies of an Overdose of Either.

Senator Squire of Washington's Bitter Complaint—Mrs. Barlow's Case.

Captain Tozier and the Smugglers —Lt. Brumback's Peculiar Mania.

New York, March 25.—Mr. Elliot F. Shepard, editor of the Mail and Express, died suddenly at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his home, No. 2 West 52nd street. Mr. Shepard was born in Jamestown, Chautauqua county, N.Y., on July 25, 1833. He was admitted to the bar of New York city in 1858. He was the founder of the New York State Bar Association in 1876, which has formed the model for the organization of similar organizations in other states. In March, 1888, he purchased the New York Mail and Express. Mr. Shepard's death followed the administration of ether by his physicians, who were about to make an examination to ascertain whether his suspicion that he was suffering from stone in the bladder was correct.

Chauncey M. Depew, speaking of the death of Elliot F. Shepard, said: "The death was shockingly sudden and unexpected. Col. Shepard had taken special pains that none of his family should be present at his house during the time he was undergoing the medical examination. That little act alone shows how careful he was of the feelings of his family and others. He did not want to cause them unnecessary anxiety. I first met the colonel when he first became a member of Governor Morgan's staff as an aide de camp in 1860. He was a great favorite of the governor's. During the recruiting of the volunteer regiment in 1861, Governor Morgan placed him in charge of the recruiting office at Elmira, and a most efficient officer he proved himself to be. When Governor Morgan was elected senator, the colonel opened a law office and I presume you are as familiar with his career as a lawyer as I am."

The funeral services over the remains of Col. Shepard will take place on Tuesday at his late home, 52nd street. Rev. John Hall, of the Fifth avenue Presbyterian church, of which Col. Shepard was a prominent member, will conduct the services, and it probable he will be assisted by several other ministers, as the Colonel had pews in half a dozen other churches.

Dr. J. W. McClane and Dr. Charles McBurney, the physicians who administered ether to Col. Shepard yesterday, denied themselves to all enquirers last night, after issuing a brief bulletin. Both gentlemen were interviewed this morning.

Dr. McLane said: "I am not reticent because there is anything to conceal. The statement made already covers everything necessary to say. This is it: Col. Shepard had arranged for an examination at the hands of Dr. Charles McBurney and Dr. James McLane to ascertain if he had stone in the bladder, of which he gave symptoms. Dr. McLane is the family physician. They gave him ether at one o'clock. The first administration produced dangerous symptoms, and the administration was immediately stopped. He rallied again, under oxygen, but at four o'clock he began to sink, and died at two minutes after four, of oedema of the lungs."

Dr. McBurney was willing to go a little more into details. "There was nothing" he said, "about Col. Shepard to indicate that administration of ether would be attended with danger. Nevertheless we took all precautions known to medical science."

Dr. McBurney said he had never seen a case like Col. Shepard's, and they were very rare. Coroner Schultz called upon Dr. McLane this morning. He said he merely called to ask a few formal questions, as he had been requested to make an investigation. No autopsy will be made. The body was embalmed last night. There were many callers at the Shepard mansion this morning and numerous telegrams of regrets were received, but the family does not care to make them public.

John A. Sleicher, managing editor of the Mail and Express, said to-day that nothing could be said of the future policy of the paper until after the reading of Col. Shepard's will.

Harrison's Law Lectures.

San Francisco, March 25.—President Jordan of Stanford university is in the city. When asked as to the exact time when ex-President Harrison would arrive to assume non-resident duties of the university, he said: "Mr. Harrison will arrive in September and remain two months, lecturing through September and October. I see that it was telegraphed from Washington that he was to receive, one paper had it, $10,000, and another $25,000 for twenty lectures. It is pretty certain the amounts named are too large. I have not had any correspondence with him lately as to what he will lecture on first, but Gov. Stanford wants him to take up international law."

Accidentally Shot.

Vallejo, Cal., March 25.—Dr. F. B. Cordeiro, of the United States navy, was seriously injured yesterday. The doctor's stateroom on the Adams adjoins that of Lieut. Theo. P. Kane, being separated by a bulkhead about seven-eighths of an inch thick. The Japanese boy, while in Lieut. Kane's apartment, took down the regulation Colt's army revolver to clean it. The weapon was discharged and a cry of pain was heard from the adjoining apartment. The bullet had gone through a looking-glass, the partition and into the body of Dr. Cordeiro. The ball struck him on the left side of the spine near the collar bone and ranged forward into the muscles of the shoulder. Dr. Cordiero is now resting easy. He is a member of the staff and went to the Samoan ilands on the unfortunate Vandalia.

Charged Himself With Lunacy.

Cincinnati, March 25.—Wm. Mahler, a Swede, desired to fill an affidavit of lunacy against himself. He complains of being haunted by a delusion that he has wronged someone. A neighbor was called and the charge was made, and the unfortunate man will be examined to-morrow.

Poor Mrs Barlow.

Plattsburg, N. Y., March 25.—Mrs. Barlow, wife or Dr. J. Wilton Barlow, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who is reported to have eloped with Dr. Giles of Philadelphia, and who is staying at the Cumberland house in this village, was seen last evening, when she denied having eloped with Dr. Giles. Mrs. Barlow said she left home on account of domestic troubles and a threat of her husband to place her in an insane asylum. Mrs. Barlow admitted that she had been in Montreal, and had seen Dr. Giles at the Balmoral hotel for a short time on matters of business. She has written her attorney in Philadelphia that she will remain here until advised by him what course to pursue.

Squire's Complaint.

New York, March 25.—Senator Squire of Washington, in an interview in the Times to-day says that he has become weary of the way in which the Congress of the past half-dozen years had treated the far western state in the matter of appropriations for public surveys. "The amount," said the Senator, "has always been insufficient for the best interests, not only of the state, but of the country, for if the surveyors of the public lands could be made as they should be the development of the commonwealth in which they are situated would be more rapid and solid and in various ways according to their industrial pursuits, agricultural, mining, etc., the states would repay ten-fold to the national treasury the sum expended on development. Senator Squire said, it was neither fair nor just to the settlers of these lands to withhold the means of obtaining possession of them as permanent property, after inducing them to take temporary possession for the purpose of developing the country in the interest of the general government. "As a specimen brick," said Mr. Squire, "the current appropriation by the last Congress is fully $200,000 less than the actual cost of the service."

OPIUM AND CHINESE.

An American Skipper Tells a Tale of Woe Concerning Illicit Traffic.

San Francisco, March 25.—Captain D. T. Tozier, of the United States revenue cutter Wolcott, is in the city. He recently arrived from Puget Sound customs station at Port Townsend, from where the government transferred him to New York harbor, where he will proceed in a few days.

"I was appointed by the Government some time ago to take command of the United States revenue cutter Wolcott," said Captain Tozier, "and proceeded to Puget Sound to assist authorities in breaking up the illicit traffic in opium and Chinese which was being carried on to a large extent. When I arrived there I found things just as had been represented to me. Opium and Chinese were being smuggled over the border by the shipload. Very little could be done to stop it. The fleet there was inadequate to cope with the smugglers, and even when the Wolcott was stationed there, we found it almost impossible to interfere with the business. After I had been stationed there a short while I made a complete study of the surroundings and circumstances leading to a few arrests which had been made on frequent occasions. I made trips to the Canadian border. There I found that large rings were openly carrying on the illicit business, in one place over 1000 pounds of opium was manufactured and shipped away every year. Where all this went to was a question for me to find out, but I had not been at the station long before I learned that not much opium is used in that section, and as very little was shipped duty paid to the United States I came to the conclusion that it was sent to this country by illegal means. The way they smuggled it in without being caught was another question for me to consider. I received information from customs officials that mysterious crafts made nightly cruises from Barclay Sound, Vancouver Island, then down to American waters. I soon learned that these mysterious crafts were doing illicit business, but to catch them was almost out of the question. They all fly the British flag, and we could not legally confiscate them so long as they did not come within 12 miles of shore. Smugglers therefore take advantage of this, and of the fact that the fleet is inadequate, so they carry on smuggling without much danger of arrest. The customs officials stationed on the Sound are doing everything in their power to put a stop to the traffic, and the work of some of the men is worthy of much praise. What is needed at the station is two more fleet revenue cutters which could ply up and down the coast and follow those boats when they get into American waters and seize them when they get within the shore line. After a few such seizures it would stop the illicit business which is costing the U.S. government much money every year.

Wanted to be a Hermit.

Washington, March 25.—Connected with the orders just issued by Secretary Lamont, regarding the transfer of Lieut. Virgil J. Brumback, Second U.S. infantry, from Fort Sherman, Idaho, to the government hospital for the insane in this city, there is a singular story. Lieut. Brumback obtained a long leave of absence from the war department nearly a year ago, and disappeared from his post, nothing being heard from him until about two months ago, when a few days before his leave expired, a letter was received by his commanding officer enclosing his resignation as an officer of the army. The resignation was forwarded to the authorities at Washington, but on their receiving an intimation from officers familiar with the case that the resignation was tendered without Brumback realizing his action, it was held in abeyance. Recently a successful search was made. Lieut. Brumback was found about 25 miles from Fort Sherman in the woods ,six miles from any habitation and living the life of a hermit. He was living in a hut of his own construction, rudely built and furnished. He lived on the game and wild fruits of the woods, and occasionally procured course provisions from the nearest village store. The authorities there, including the medical officers, closely questioned him, and alleges that he was remarkably intelligent, showed no traces of an unbalanced mind, bevond a desire to be left alone. Letters from his parents show that he has been something of a recluse since his boyhood. Upon the recommendation of the authorities at Fort Sherman Secretary Lamont directed his transfer to the government hospital in this city for treatment. If he does not improve he will probably be retired.

Costly Injuries.

Rome, N.Y., March 25.—Emma F. A. Ayers, M.D., sued the D. L. and W. railway for $25,000 damages for injuries received by stumbling over a mail bag at the North Brookfield station of that road, injuring her knee cap, and receiving, as she alleges, spinal injuries. It was shown at the trial that the station was insufficiently lighted. The jury returned a verdict of $10,000.

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

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REVILED BY ROCHE.

The Fiery Jules Slangs M. Bourgeois, Who Treats Him With Contempt.

President Carnot's Son Complains—British Minister to U. S. to Rank Higher.

Associated Press Squabble- Ulster Needs Government's Attention.

Paris, March 24.—In the deputies yesterday Deputy Millevoye argued in sensational language as to what move the government proposed to take in regard to the Panama case. M. Bourgeois, minster of justice, replied and deprecated the continuance of a debate which, he said, was raised by the enemies of the republic, who were aiming to keep up the agitation until the general election. The order of the day was adopted, and afterwards there was another scene. Jules Roche crossed the floor to M. Bourgeois and reviled the minster of justice for having advised that he (Roche) should be prosecuted. M. Bourgeois made no reply.

The jury only convicted Charles de Lesseps by a bare legal majority of two. The suspicion is growing that the government is concealing the real list of Panama canal officials.

Press Association Troubles.

New York, March 24.—The members of the New York Associated Press have sued the Western Associated Press for about $300,000 with interest, due on unsettled accounts for collecting and distributing press reports in the far west, under an agreement that expired on January 1. The agreement was made in 1882 for five years and was renewed in 1887 for the same period. The agreement provided that the New York association should furnish to the Western Association news gathered from Europe, Canada, the Eastern, Middle and Southern States, and that the Western association should distribute the reports as subscribed for to newspapers in the far west that had been served formerly by the New York Association. It was understood, also, that the Western Association should collect news reports in the west and forward and furnish them to the New York association. The Western association had sought to enter the so-called territory of the New York association in the far west, but the latter had objected. It agreed, however, to allow the Western association to assume control of the service during the existence of the agreement. It was not expected that the New York association would lose any pecuniary advantage by the agreement, because the Western association agreed to take only a part of the net revenue from the clients in the far west. The boundary of each association had been defined. The complaint alleges that the members of the New York Associated Press have no means of knowing, except by estimating, what the receipts and expenditures of the Western Associated Press in the far west have been during the past ten years, therefore they ask for an accounting. After the consolidation of the New York Associated Press, with the United Press in December last the latter continues the news service provided for by the agreement.

Suggestions for Tariff Reform.

Washington, March 24.—Nearly every mail that reaches the treasury department contains suggestions from statisticians and others as to the compilation of a tariff bill. Some 30 or 40 of these communications have already been received, prominent among them being that from the New York Reform Club. The general outline of the New York Reform Club's tariff proposition corresponds clearly with a proposition submitted in 1885 by Edward Atkinson, of Boston, to President Cleveland and Secretary Manning. That proposition divided the tariff as follows:

A—Articles of food and animals.

B—Articles in a crude condition which enter into the various processes of domestic industry.

C—Articles wholly or partially manufactured and mechanic arts.

D—Articles manufactured ready for consumption.

E—Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc.

At that time the annual report of the bureau of statistics had contained a table showing the duty collected on each of those classes of articles. From this report of 1892 it appears that $173,097,670 duty was collected, of which $10,300,226 was collected under class A, $14,048,410 under class B, $22,216,412 under class C, $76,827,908 under class D, and $48,702,796 under class E.

Treasury experts assert that the proposition of the New York Reform Club places articles of class A and B wholly on the free list while many of the articles in class C are also placed on the free list. If this statement be correct, the revenue derived from customs would be decreased by the addition to the free list of articles now paying duty to the amount of $24,348,750, but might be increased to some extent by the increased importation of articles under class C, on which the duty is reduced. It is argued, however, that on the present basis of receipts and expenditures the proposed changes would result in an anual deficit.

Killed by a Brick.

Chicago, March 24.—W.F. Weed, part owner of the Chicago Graphic, was instantly killed by a falling brick this evening. He was passing the Phoenix building when a brick was dropped from the tenth story by a workman. It struck Mr. Weed squarely on the head, crushing his skull.

Asks for a Receiver.

Seattle, March 24.—Papers were filed in an important suit in the State Superior Court to-day. The suit is brought by Thomas Earle, member of the Dominion Parliament, residing at Victoria, and Mr. McIntosh, president of the Merchants' National Bank of this city, against the Northern Pacific railway company, for the appointment of a receiver for the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern railroad, for a cancellation of the traffic arrangements of the two roads and for an accounting by the Northern Pacific railroad of the earnings of the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern during the two years that the tariff arrangements had been in force. The plaintiffs allege that when the Northern Pacific took charge of the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern railroad it was paying all the expenses and all the fixed charges. In the two years that the Northern Pacific company operated the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern it has run in debt in the sum of $584,209.54. The plaintiffs allege that when the Northern Pacific took the road their stock was worth 45 per cent. of its face value. Now it is valueless, wherefore they pray for a receiver, etc.

Flogged Back to Life.

Seattle, March 24.—A special to the Telegraph from Spokane says: R. Van Redpath attempted suicide this morning, fear of disgrace attending a forgery committed by him having driven him to death. A warrant was to have been issued for his arrest, but when the officers broke open the door of his room he was found lying on the bed breathing heavily. He could not be aroused. A physician pronounced the case one of atropia poisoning. The officers set their prisoner on his feet, marched him down stairs and then led him about the streets. A crowd of fully a thousand people followed. When one officer became exhausted in his work of whipping the would-be suicide, he handed over his buggy whip to one of the crowd who, with renewed zeal, carried on the flagellation. Redpath finally recovered full consciousness and was taken to jail. His body was black and blue from the vigorous treatment he had received. Redpath came recently from the east. He has dissipated a good deal since his arrival in the city, and running out of funds forged a cheque on the Brown National Bank.

Ulster Needs Watching.

London, March 24.—The Ulster agitation is assuming a form calling seriously for the intervention of the Government. The secret committee has issued a manifesto from Belfast summoning the Royal Irish constabulary to attend a conference, whereat they may arrange to organize themselves despite all the rules of the service to the contrary. The manifesto adds that those who are punished for partaking in the movement will receive a cash indemnity.

Diplomatic Change.

Washington, March 24.—The State Department has received official information that Queen Victoria has raised the rank of Sir Julian Pauncefote, British representative in Washington from that of Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to that of Ambassador, and that his credentials as such are on their way here. Under the provisions of the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation Bill of March 1, 1893, President Cleveland is authorized to confer the same rank upon the representative of the United States at London. It says that whenever he shall be advised that any foreign government is represented, or is about to be represented, by an ambassador, etc., it shall be in his discretion to direct that the present representative of the United States to such government shall bear the same title. The provision was inserted in the bill for the reason that the representatives of the United States in many countries have been compelled to yield precedence in official business and otherwise to the representatives of smaller countries holding higher titles. Hitherto no ambassador has been accredited to the United States because the United States did not confer that title on any of its ministers abroad, and reciprocity is always observed in diplomatic representation.

FRANCE'S UNIQUE PRISON.

The Rules of Mazas, Where Suspects are Kept Temporarily.

Mazas prison, in Paris, is the one which was the most frequently mentioned in despatches and European correspondence about the yet unfinished trial of parties implicated in the Panama canal scandals. But Mazas is only a kind of reception jail for yet unconvicted persons, who are transferred after the completion of their trial and appeal to the different "Maisons Centrales," which answer to American penitentiaries, and which are located in several departments of France. The accused persons in the Panama affair will not be sentenced to those extreme penalties which conduct convicts for burglary, murder or crimes of the worst order to the penal settlement of Guiana and New Caledonia, or even to La Roquette jail, the ante-chamber of the guillotine.

At any rate it must be said that in no French prison are the convicts treated so rudely and inhumanely as is the practice in British jails. It can be added, too, that men imprisoned in France on political charges always enjoy small privileges, and are never subjected to the horrible treatment suffered by the Irish patriots in Kilmainham and Portland jails, or by Polish and Russian Liberals in the Siberian mines.

Any person arrested in Paris by the police is taken first to the depot at the Prefecture of Police, and after a rapid examination by the judge of instruction is transferred to Mazas. That prison, built under the reign of Louis Philippe, is situated almost opposite the terminus of the Paris-Lyons-Mediterranean railroad, and can be plainly seen by all American tourists bound for Nice, Mentone, Cannes or Monte Carlo. It is near the Austerlitz bridge over the river Seine, and, strange as it is, was named after Col. Mazas, a valiant soldier of the first empire, who was killed at Austerlitz at the head of the Thirty-fourth Brigade, and whose name was given to the square upon which the prison was built.

It is run on the system of solitary confinement, is divided into six divisions and contains 1200 cells arranged in a semicircle, at the centre of which is the altar where mass is celebrated on Sundays and all great Catholic religious days. On these occasions the cell doors are left a little ajar, and the prisoners, though not able to see each other, can have a distant view of the altar. The cells are well lighted, ventilated and warmed; a hammock is suspended every night across each one and rolled up in the morning by the prisoner, who has use of a chair and a small table. Food, which is not luxurious of course, but sound and sufficiently abundant, is passed through an opening in the door, but the inmates can have their meals brought from outside, and, in every case, the watchman carefully inspects every article designed for the prisoners.

About 35 or 45 minutes are allowed for a walk in a yard divided into high partitions, so that every prisoner is quite isolated and cannot see or talk to any of his companions. Visits from relatives and friends are permitted twice a week, but only after the Judge of Instruction has terminated the preliminary investigation of the case, during which the accused or "prevenus" are rigidly kept "au secret," that is, without any communication with the outside world, not even with their counsel.

Indestuctible lath and wire chicken fencing, 8 cents per yard at McLennan and McFeely's.

A CORNWALL MIRACLE.

HOW AN ESTEEMED CITIZEN REGAINED HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

Mr. William Moore's Interesting Story—His Friends Despaired of His Recovery, But he Once More Mingles With Them as Hearty as of Yore—A Story Full of Hope for Other Sufferers.

Cornwall Freeholder.

In this age there are few persons who do not take one or more newspapers, and it may be said with equal certainty that there are few who have not read from time to time of the marvellous cures effected by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. But reading is one thing, and believing what you read is another, and no doubt of the thousands who have read of the Hamilton miracle, the Saratoga miracle, the Calgary miracle, and others that have appeared from time to time in the columns of the Freeholder, achieved through the agency of Dr. Williams' marvellous little pellets, many may have laid aside the paper in unbelief. While, however, these people may not believe what happened in Saratoga or Calgary, they would no doubt be convinced if one should bring to their notice a case in their own immediate vicinity where a marvellous cure was effected through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Everyone in Cornwall knows Mr. William Moore, who for years has driven the delivery wagon for Mack's Express Mills, and when it was known last winter that his health was failing rapidly, very general regret was expressed by a large section of the community. His voice grew weaker, his laugh less hearty and it appeared that consumption had marked him for a victim. At last he was forced to give up work altogether and keep within doors. So things were till late in the summer, when he commenced to get about again, and he steadily improved till he was once more able to take up his calling and work as of yore. What worked so marvellous a change? A veritable miracle it was indeed. Hearing that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had something to do with the case a reporter of the Freeholder called on Mr. Moore at his comfortable home on Eighth street, and fortunately found him at home. Without any preliminary fencing the reporter said to Mr. Moore, "I am glad to see you so hearty and strong again; the last time I saw you it seemed as if your race was about run. I have heard that your wonderful recovery is entirely due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills; have you any objection to tell me something about it?"

"No objection at all," said Mr. Moore. "Pink Pills did cure me and I am only too glad to let the world know all about that wonderful medicine. As you know I was a very sick man; indeed my life was despaired of. My work is very trying and I was forced to be out in all sorts of weather, for people must eat, you know. It often happened that after lifting heavy sacks of flour or grain at the mill, I was in a profuse perspiration, and heated as I was had to drive out in the face of a fierce storm or with the thermometer ever so many degrees below zero. A man can't stand that kind of thing forever, and after a good many warnings I felt that something had really got hold of me and I was forced to quit work. I had heavy colds all the time, severe pains in the back and loins and no appetite whatever. I lost flesh continually and I was, as you remember, a mere shadow of my former self, and everybody that saw me thought I was dying of consumption. I doctored for a couple of months; had poultices all over me and took a great deal of medicine. I will not say that the doctoring did me no good, but it didn't do much, and I felt as if I were never going to get better. At this time my attention was directed to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People by reading an account of a case that seemed little short of a miracle. A sister of my wife had used them and had found them a valuable medicine, and strongly urged me to try them. I must confess that I did so with much reluctance; I had tried so many medicines without benefit that I despaired of finding anything to cure me, but my case was desperate and I yielded to the solicitations of my friends and purchased a supply of pills from Mr. E. H. Brown, the druggist. I had not been taking them very long when I began to notice a difference in myself, and found my appetite, which had been almost entirely gone, returning. I continued to take the Pink Pills and found my strength gradually returning, something I had despaired of. In a few weeks I had so far improved that I was able to go around, and was constantly gaining strength. I not only relished my food but it did me good, and I saw that I had at last hit upon the right remedy. Well, to make a long story short I continued to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills until my old time strength had fully returned and I was able to go back to work. Since then I have been teaming every day, lifting heavy weights as usual, and I never felt better in my life. This is the whole story, and you may spread it freely. I was on the brink of the grave and you see me now. It was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that restored me, and I know them to be a grand medicine, and would urge everybody whose symptoms are like mine to profit by my experience. My case may not be so wonderful as some I have read of, but it is miracle enough for me, and I can never say enough about Pink Pills, they are beyond any praise I can give them. I can only urge any who are in doubt to give them a fair trial and I am confident they will never regret it."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a perfect blood builder and nerve restorer, curing such diseases as rheumatism, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus's dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration and the tired feeling therefrom, the after effects of la grippe, influenza and severe colds, diseases depending on humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc., Pink Pills give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions, and are a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, and in the case of men they effect a radical cure, in all cases arising from mental worry, over-work or excesses of any nature.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N.Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50. Bear in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. The public are also cautioned against all other so-called blood builders and nerve tonics, no matter what name may be given them. They are all imitations whose makers hope to reap a pecuniary advantage from the wonderful reputation achieved to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and refuse all imitations and substitutes.

Dr. Williams's Pink Pills may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from the Dr. Williams' Medecine Co., from either address. The price at which these pills are sold make a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads, color labels, etc., etc., go to to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office.

Carnot Says Nothing.

Paris, March 24.—Although President Carnot has kept silent under all the charges and insinuations coupling his name with the Panama scandal, members of his family are not inclined to be equally patient. Ernest, the son of President Carnot, has written to L'Eclaire a communication complaining of a quotation published in that journal from a German newspaper to the effect that he (Ernest) had received money in 1889 from the Panama Canal bribery fund. Ernest states in the communication that at the time mentioned he was only 21 years of age and a student in the School of Mines, and was entirely unknown in political circles. He therefore denounces as an infamous falsehood the statement that he received any Panama money. The newspaper which published the article quoted by the Eclaire is the Berlin Tageblatt. The indignation caused by the insinuation against the president is being exploded by the government. It is reported that the decree for the expulsion of Herr Brandens, the Tageblatt's Paris correspondent, has been signed. Brandens denies, however, that he sent the objectionable paragraphs in his correspondence. The anti-German feeling runs high. All the Paris newspapers unite in denouncing the Tageblatt.

Mr. Warren D. Wentz
of Geneva, N. Y.,

Tells of His Fearful Sufferings After Gastric Fever and His Cure by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

All who know Mr. W. D. Wentz give him the best of recommendations for honesty and integrity. For many years he has worked for Mr. D. P. Wilson, the harness maker and member of the Geneva Board of Health. He says:

"I was taken sick last October with gastric fever and my chance for recovery was considered almost hopeless. After 7 weeks the fever slowly left me, but I could not eat the simplest food without terrible distress. It seemed that I had recovered from the fever to

Die of Starvation

I took pepsin compounds, bismuth, charcoal, cod liver oil and malt until my physician confessed that his skill was about exhausted and he did not know what else to try. Everything I took seemed like pouring melted lead into my stomach. I happened to think I had part of a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla that had been in the house for two or three years, that I found had benefited me previously for dyspepsia. I began taking it and soon began to feel better. I have now taken a little over two bottles and can truthfully say I feel well again and can eat anything without distressing me, even to

Pie and Cheese

which I have been unable to touch for years. The English language does not contain words enough to permit me to express the praise I would like to give to Hood's Sarsaparilla." W. D. WENTZ, 181 Castle St., Geneva, N. Y.

A Good Voucher

"I have known Mr. Warren D. Wentz for many years and can vouch for him as a man of veracity and one well known about here. I have sold him several bottles of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

during the past few months." M. H. PARTRIDGE, Druggist, Geneva, N. Y.

Hood's Pills Cure **Liver Ills**

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

The arrival of Spring will be greeted with "Showers" of tears. Why? Why! because every person will weep with joy when they find they can purchase at a reasonable price one of

Currie's
World-renowned Waterproof
Coats,

which have stood the test of 50 years and still take the lead in the markets of Great Britain and the Colonies.

All large dealers keep them.

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PURE POWDERED 100%
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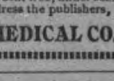
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

MEDICAL.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION



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PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. June8 1y.

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AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

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Every man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. Address the publishers,

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BIG
CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.
The Universal American Cure.
Manufactured by
The Evans Chemical Co.
CINCINNATI, O.
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PRICE
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KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W.G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
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LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Saywa Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.

oc23-tf W. P. SAYWARD.

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—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other
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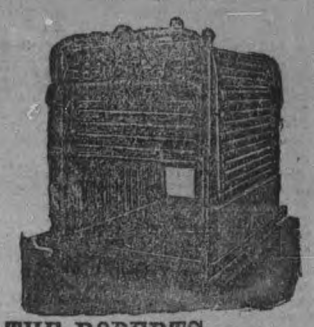

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Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.
DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO.
MANUFACTURERS,
TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

A BY-LAW

To Regulate the Numbering of Hawkers and Pedlers.

Whereas by sub-section 61 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council is empowered to make, alter and repeal by-laws inter alia to regulate the numbering of hawkers and pedlers,

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Every hawker or pedler licensed under the Revenue By-Law, 1889, shall at the time of the issue of his license receive from the collector a plate bearing a number which shall be affixed on a prominent place on the outside of his wagon, cart or other vehicle or basket or other receptacle for carrying or conveying his goods, wares, or merchandise and said plate shall remain thereon during the period for which the license is granted or in case more than one basket or other receptacle is carried by the licensee then the plate shall be attached to one of such baskets or other receptacle, and such plate shall be returned to the collecor at th expiration of the term of the license and may be reissued by him.

Sec. 2. Any person convicted of a breach of this by-law shall forfeit and pay at the discretion of the convicting magistrate a penalty not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars, for each offence exclusive of costs and in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith the said penalty and costs or costs only may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender and in case of there be ing no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the common jail of the city of Victoria with or without hard labor for any period not exceeding one calendar month unless the said and penalty costs be sooner paid.

Sec. 3. This By-Law may be cited as "The Hawker and Pedler Numbering By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of January, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 1st February, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. L. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of the by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 1st day of February, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
M.C.

RAGS WANTED.

Three Cents a Pound paid for Rags of any kind except all wool, a the Times Office.

A FAMILY RELIGION.

WHAT CHRISTIANITY DOES FOR THE HOME CIRCLE.

Dr. Talmage at Chicago Prepares a Sermon For the Press—The Mothers of Greatness—The Resolve of Joshua—No One Too Busy For Prayers.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Rev. Dr. Talmage, who is now in this city on a brief visit, did not preach to-day. He prepared for the press, however, the following discourse on "Religion at Home," the text selected being Joshua xxiv, 15, "As for me and my house, we will serve the Lord."

Absurd, Joshua! You will have no time for family religion. You are a military character, and your time will be taken up with affairs connected with the army. You are a statesman, and your time will be taken up with public affairs. You are the Washington, the Wellington, the McMahon of the Israelitish host; you will have a great many questions to settle; you will have no time for religion. But Joshua, with the same voice with which he commanded the sun and moon to halt and stack arms of light on the parade ground of the heavens, says, "As for me and my house, we will serve the Lord."

Before we adopt the resolution of this old soldier we want to be certain it is a wise resolution. If religion is going to put my piano out of tune and clog the feet of the children racing through the hall, and sour the bread and put crape on the doorbell, I do not want it in my house. I once gave $6 to hear Jenny Lind warble. I have never given a cent to hear any one groan. Will this religion spoken of in my text do anything for the dining hall, for the nursery, for the parlor, for the sleeping apartment?

It is a great deal easier to invite a disagreeable guest than to get rid of him. If you do not want religion you had better not ask it to come, for after coming it may stay a great while. Isaac Watts went to visit Sir Thomas and Lady Abney at their place in Theobald and was to stay a week and staid 35 years, and if religion once gets into your household the probability is it will stay there forever

THE FAMILY ALTAR.

Now, the question I want to discuss is: What will religion do for the household? Question the first: What did it do for your father's house if you were brought up in a Christian home?

The whole scene has vanished, but it comes back to-day. The hour for morning prayers came. You were invited in. Somewhat fidgety, you sat and listened. Your father made no pretention of rhetorical reading, and he just went through the chapter in a plain, straightforward way. Then you knelt. It was about the same prayer morning by morning and night by night, for he had the same sins to ask pardon for, and he had the same blessing for which to be grateful day after day and year after year.

The prayer was longer than you would like to have had it, for the game at ball was waiting, or the skates were lying under the shed, or the schoolbooks needed one or two more looking at the lessons. Your parents, somewhat rheumatic and stiffened with age, found it difficult to rise from their kneeling. The chair at which they knelt is gone, the Bible out of which they read has perhaps fallen to pieces, the parents are gone, the children scattered north, east, south and west, but that whole scene flashes upon your memory to day.

Was that morning and evening exercise in your father's house debasing or elevating? Is it not among the most sacred reminiscences? You were not as devotional as some of the older members of your father's house who were kneeling with you at the time, and you did not bow your head as closely as they did, and you looked around, and you saw just the posture your father and mother assumed while they were kneeling on the floor. The whole scene is so photographed on your memory that if you were an artist you could draw it now just as they knelt.

For how much would you have that scene obliterated from your memory? It all comes back to-day, and you are in the homestead again. Father is there, mother is there, all of you children are there. It is the same old prayer, opening with the same petition, closing with the same thanksgiving. The family prayers of 1840, 1850 as fresh in your memory as though they were uttered yesterday. The tear that starts from your eye melts all that scene. Gone, is it? Why, many a time it has held you steady in the struggle of life. You once started for a place, and that memory jerked you back, and you could not enter.

FARREACHING PRAYERS.

The broken prayer of your father has had more effect upon you than all you ever read in Shakespeare and Milton and Tennyson and Dante. You have gone over mountains and across seas. You never for a moment got out of sight of that domestic altar. Oh, my friends, is it your opinion this morning that the 10 or 15 minutes subtracted from each day for family devotion was an economy or a waste of time in your father's household? I think some of us are coming to the conclusion that the religion which was in our father's house would be a very appropriate religion for our homes. If family prayers did not damage that household, there is no probability that they will damage our household.

"Is God dead?" said a child to her father. "No," he replied; "why do you ask that?" "Well," she said, "when mother was living we used to have prayers, but since her death we haven't had family prayers, and I didn't know but that God was dead too!" A family that is launched in the morning with family prayers is well launched. Breakfast over, the family scatter, some to school, some to household duties, some to business. Daring the day there will be a thousand perils abroad—perils of the street car, of the scaffolding, of the ungoverned horse, of the misstep, of the aroused temper, of multitudinous temptations to do wrong.

Some time between 7 o'clock in the morning and 10 o'clock at night there may be a moment when you will be in urgent need of God. Besides that, family prayers will be a secular advantage. A father went into the war to serve his country. His children staid and cultivated the farm. His wife prayed. One of the sons said afterward: "Father is fighting, and we are digging, and mother is praying!" "Ah!" said some one, "praying and digging and fighting will bring us out of our national troubles."

We may pray in the morning, "Give us this day our daily bread," and sit down in idleness and starve to death, but prayer and hard work will give a livelihood to any family. Family religion pays for both worlds. Let us have an altar in each one of our households. You may not be able to formulate a prayer. Then there are Philip Henry's prayers, and there are McDuff's prayers, and there are Philip Doddridge's prayers, and there are the Episcopal church prayers, and there are scores of books with supplications just suited to the domestic circle.

"Oh," says some man, "I don't feel competent to lead my household in prayer." Well, I do not know that it is your duty to lead. I think perhaps it is sometimes better for the mother of the household to lead. She knows better the wants of the household. She can read the Scriptures with a more tender enunciation. She knows more of God. I will put it plainly and say she prays better. Oh, these mothers decide almost everything. Nero's mother was a murderess. Lord Byron's mother was haughty and impious. You might have guessed that from their children. Walter Scott's mother was fond of poetry.

Washington's mother was patriotic. Samuel Budget's mother was a thorough Christian. St. Bernard's mother was noble minded. So you might have guessed from their children. Good men always have good mothers. There may once in 10 or 20 years be an exception to the rule, but it is only an exception. Benjamin West's mother kissed him after she had seen his first wonderful sketch with the pencil, Benjamin West afterward said, "That kiss made me a painter."

A young man received a furlough to return from the army to his father's house. Afterward he took the furlough back to the officer, saying, "I would like to postpone my visit for two weeks." At the end of the two weeks he came and got the furlough. He was asked why he waited. "Well," he replied, "when I left home I told my mother I would be a Christian in the army, and I was resolved not to go home until I could answer her first question." Oh, the almost omnipotent power of the mother! But if both the father and the mother be right, then the children are almost sure to be right.

The young people may make a wide curve from the straight path, but they are almost sure to come back to the right road. It may not be until the death of one of the parents. How often it is that we hear some one say, "Oh, he was a wild young man, but since his father's death he has been different!" The fact is that the father's coffin, or the mother's coffin, is often the altar of repentance for the child. Oh, that was a stupendous day, the day of father's burial. It was not the officiating clergyman who made the chief impression, nor the sympathizing mourners; it was the father asleep in the casket.

The hands that had toiled for that household so long, folded. The brain cooled off after 20 or 40 years of anxiety about how to put that family in right position. The lips closed after so many years of good advice. There are more tears falling in mother's grave than in father's grave, but over the father's tomb I think there is a kind of awe. It is at that marble pillar many a young man has been revolutionized.

MEDITATION AT THE GRAVE.

Oh, young man with cheek flushed with dissipation! how long is it since you have been out to your father's grave? Will you not go this week? Perhaps the storms of the last few days may have bent the headstone until it leans far over. You had better go out and see whether the lettering has been defaced. You had better go out and see whether the gate of the lot is closed. You had better go and see if you cannot find a sermon in the springing grass. Oh, young man, go out this week and see your father's grave!

Religion did so much for our Christain ancestry. Are we not ready this morning to be willing to receive it into our own households? If we do receive it, let it come through the front door—not through the back door. In other words, do not let us smuggle it in. There are a great many families who want to be religious, but they do not want anybody outside to know it. They would be mortified to death if you caught them at family prayers. They would not sing in the worship for fear their neighbors would hear them. They do not have prayers when they have company!

They do not know much about the nobility of the western trapper. A traveler going along was overtaken by night and a storm, and he entered a cabin. There were firearms hung up around the cabin. He was alarmed. He had a large amount of money with him, but he did not dare to venture out into the night in the storm. He did not like the looks of the household. After awhile the father—the western trapper—came in, gun on shoulder, and when the traveler looked at him he was still more affrighted.

After awhile the family were whispering together in one corner of the room, and the traveler thought to himself, "Oh! now my time has come; I wish I was out in the storm and in the night rather than here." But the swarthy man came up to him and said: "Sir, we are a rough people; we get our living by hunting, and we are very tired when the night comes, but before going to bed we always have a habit of reading a little out of the Bible and having prayers, and I think we will have our usual custom to-night, and if you don't believe in that kind of thing if you will just step outside the door for a little while I will be much obliged to you."

Oh, there are many Christian parents who have not half the courage of that western trapper. They do not want their religion projecting too conspicuously. They would like to have it near by so as to call on it in case of a funeral, but as to having it dominant in the household from the 1st of January, 7 o'clock a. m., to the 31st of December, 10 o'clock p. m., they do not want it. They would rather die and have their families perish with them than to cry out in the bold words of the soldier in my text, "As for me and my house, we will serve the Lord."

INCIDENT IN THE TALMAGE FAMILY.

There was in my ancestral line an incident so strangely impressive that it seems more like romance than reality. It has sometimes been so inaccurately put forth that I now give you the true incident. My grandfather and grandmother, living at Somerville, N. J., went to Basking Ridge to witness a revival under the ministry of the Rev. Dr. Finley. They came home so impressed with what they had seen that they resolved on the salvation of their children.

The young people of the house were to go off for an evening party, and my grandmother said:

"Now, when you are all ready for the party, come to my room, for I have something very important to tell you." All ready for departure, they came to her room, and she said to them, "Now, I want you to remember, while you are away this evening, that I am all the time in this room praying for your salvation, and I shall not cease praying until you get back." The young people went to the party, but amid the loudest hilarities of the night they could not forget that their mother was praying for them. The evening passed, and the night passed.

The next day my grandparents heard an outcry in an adjourning room, and they went in and found their daughter imploring the salvation of the gospel. The daughter told them that her brothers were at the barn and at the wagon house under powerful conviction of sin. They went to the barn. They found my uncle Jehiah, who afterward became a minister of the gospel, crying to God for mercy. They went to the wagon house. They found their son David, who afterward became my father, imploring God's pardon and mercy. Before a great while the whole family were saved, and David went and told the story to a young woman to whom he was affianced, who, as a result of the story, became a Christian, and from her own lips—my mother's—I have received the incident.

The story of that converted household ran through all the neighborhood, from family to family, until the whole region was whelmed with religious awakening, and at the next communion in the village church at Somerville over 200 souls stood up to profess the faith of the gospel. My mother, carrying the memory of this scene from early womanhood into further life, in after years was resolved upon the salvation of her children, and for many years every week she met three other Christian mothers to pray for the salvation of their families. I think that all the members of those families were saved—myself, the youngest and the last.

GRANDMOTHER'S PRAYER.

There were 12 of us children. I trace the whole line of mercy back to that hour when my Christian grandmother sat in her room imploring the blessing of God upon her children. Nine of her descendants became preachers of the gospel. Many of her descendants are in heaven, many of them still in the Christian conflict. Did it pay for her to spend the whole evening in prayer for her household? Ask her before the throne of God surrounded by her children. In the presence of the Christian church to-day I make this record of ancestral piety. Oh, there is a beauty and a tenderness and a sublimity in family religion!

There are but four or five pictures in the old family Bible that I inherited, but Dore never illustrated a Bible as that book is illustrated to my eyes. Through it I can see into marriages and burials, joys and sorrows, meetings and partings, Thanksgiving days and Christmas festivals, cradles and deathbeds. Old, old book! speak out and tell of the sorrows comforted and the dying hours irradiated. Old, old book! the hands that held thee are ashes, the eyes that perused thee are closed. What a pillow thou wouldst make for a dying head! I salute all the memories of the past when I press it to my heart and when I press it to my lips.

THE OLD FAMILY BIBLE.

Oh, that family Bible! The New Testament in small type is not worthy of being called by that name. Have a whole Bible in large type, with the family record of marriages and births and deaths. What if the curious should turn over the leaves to see how old you are? You are younger now than you will ever be again. The curious will find out from those with whom you have played in your childhood how old you are. Have a family Bible. It will go down from generation to generation full of holy memories. A hundred years after you are dead it will be a benediction to those who come after you. Other books worn out or fallen apart will be flung to the garret or the cellar, but this will be inviolate, and it will be your protest for centuries against iniquity and in behalf of righteousness.

Oh, when we see what family religion did for our father's household, do we not want it to come into the dining room to break the bread, into the nursery to bless the young, into the parlor to purify the socialities, into the library to control the reading, into the bedroom to hallow the slumber, into the hall to watch our going out and our coming in? Aye, there are hundreds of voices in this house ready to cry out: "Yes! Yes! As for me and my house, we will serve the Lord."

There are two arms to this subject. The one arm puts its hand on all parents. It says to them: "Don't interfere with your children's welfare. Don't interfere with their eternal happiness. Don't you by any thing you do put out your foot and trip them into ruin. Start them under the shelter, the insurance, the everlasting help of Christian parentage. Catechisms will not save them, though catechisms are good. The rod will not save them though the rod may be necessary. Lessons of virtue will not save them, though they are very important. Becoming a through and through, up and down, out and out Christian yourself will make them Christians."

The other arm of this subject puts its hand upon those who had a pious bringing up, but who as yet have disappointed the expectations excited in regard to them. I said that children brought up in Christian households, though they might make a wide curve, were very apt to come back to the straight path. Have you not been curved out long enough, and is it not most time for you to begin to curve in?

"Oh," you say, "they were too rigid," Well now, my brother, I think you have a pretty good character considering what you say your parents were. Do not boast too much about the style in which your parents brought you up. Might it not be possible that you would be an exception to the general rule laid down, and that you might spend your eternity in a different world from that in which your parents are spending theirs?

I feel anxious about you; you feel anxious about yourself. Oh, cross over into the right path! If your parents prayed for you twice a day—each of them twice a day for 20 years—that would make 20,000 prayers for you. Think of them!

By the memory of the cradle in which your childhood was rocked with the foot that long ago ceased to move; by the crib in which your own children slumber night by night under God's protecting care; by the two graves in which sleep those two old hearts that beat with love so long for your welfare, and by the two graves in which you, now the living father and mother, will find your last repose, I urge you to the discharge of your duty.

Though parents may in covenant be
And have their heaven in view,
They are not happy till they see
Their children happy too.

Oh, you departed Christian ancestry fathers and mothers in glory, bend from the skies to-day and give new emphasis to what you told us on earth with many tears and anxieties! Keep a place for us by your blissful side, for to-day, in the presence of earth and heaven and hell, and by the help of the cross, and amid overwhelming and gracious memories, we resolve, each one for himself, "As for me and my house, we will serve the Lord."

A Gastronomic Law.

An act of parliament was passed in the reign of Edward III., prohibiting anyone from being served, at dinner or supper, with more than two courses, except upon some great holidays there specified, in which he may be served with three. This act has never been repealed, and is, therefore, still in force.

A New Let-Off Motion.

A new let-off motion for looms has been brought out by a Scotch inventor. In it the tension of the warp controls the vertical movement of the wormshaft, which in turn controls the action of the machine through a ratchet and pawl motion.

IF YOU USE WOODEN PAILS AND TUBS
USE THE BEST

Eddy's

WOODENWARE AND WASHBOARDS
HAVE NO EQUAL

P.S.--But why not use Eddy's Indurated Fibre Ware?

Victoria Agent, JAMES MITCHELL, 100 Government St.
MAMMOTH WORKS: HULL, CANADA.

DULUTH

THE DIVISIONAL TERMINUS OF THE CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY, AT DUNCAN'S BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Duluth has been officially announced to be the Terminus as above.
The first call of $100,000 on the Railway Stock has been fully paid up
The Lots owned by the Railway Company in Duluth are not for sale.

PRICES OF LOTS range from $75 to $750.

TERMS---One-third Cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months
Interest on deferred payments.
For particulars apply to

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 51 Yates St.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO
IRON STEEL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.

2½ per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 30 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal solt, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blow holes and sponginess.
Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.
Price, $5.00 per 100-pound box, $23.00 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $60 per ton.
Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock-Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfeld Furnace and Refining Co.,
Newport, Ky.

Branch offices and deposits: Judson Mfg. Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Lormer & Rose, Montreal and Toronto, Can.; D. W. C. Carroll & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Hatfield Steel Foundry Co., England; Southern Steel and Aluminum Alloy Co., Rome, Ga.; J. D. Smith Foundry Supply Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.
dec1-dm

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,
(LIMITED)

CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, UPSTAIRS,

Is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

Maps, Checks, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,
Etc., Etc.

VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.

PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.

Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

BY-LAW

No. 187.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

Sec. 1. The Commissioners of Sewers By Law, 1892, is hereby repealed.

Passed the Municipal Council on the 10th day of February, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1893.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

No. 188.

A BY-LAW

Authorising the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Borrow the sum of $225,000.00 in anticipation of the receipt of its Revenue for the year 1893.

Whereas under and by virtue of sub-section 134 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, every municipality may under the conditions contained in said sub-section borrow from any person such sum of money not exceeding an amount equal to the total amount of taxes upon land or real property as shown by the revised assessment roll of the municipality for the preceding year, and bearing such rate of interest as may be requisite, to meet the current legal expenditure of the corporation which becomes payable out of the annual revenue before the revenue for the year becomes payable by the tax payers; and

And whereas the total amount of the tax upon land for the year 1892 is $235,907.55 and upon improvements $41,551.87;

And whereas to meet the current legal expenditure of the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the year 1893 payable out of the annual revenue before such revenue for such year becomes payable by the tax payers, it is requisite for the said Corporation to borrow the sum of $225,000.

Therefore be it enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria by the Mayor and Finance Committee thereof, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation from any person or persons, firm or firms, corporation or corporations who may be willing to advance the same, the sum of $225,000.00, in such amounts and at such times as the same may in the opinion of the Mayor and the Finance Committee of the Council be required, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum.

Sec. 2. The money so borrowed shall be expended in defraying the current legal expenses of the said Corporation for the year 1893, and shall, together with the interest thereon, be payable and repaid to the lender or lenders thereof on or before the 31st day of December, 1893, out of the municipal revenue for the said year.

Sec. 3. An acknowledgement of such liability shall be in the form of a promissory note signed by the Mayor and the Finance Committee and Clerk of the said Corporation and shall be sealed with the corporate seal of the said Corporation.

Sec. 4. In the construction of this by-law the expressions "Land" and "Improvements" and "Real property" shall have respectively the meaning given to them in section 2 of the Municipal Act, 1892.

Sec. 5. This by-law may be cited as the "Annual Loan By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the 17th day of February, A. D. 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 20th day of February, A. D. 1893.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

A FORTUNE

Inherited by few, is pure blood, free from hereditary taint. Catarrh, consumption, rheumatism, Scrofula, and many other maladies born in the blood, can be effectually eradicated only by the use of powerful alteratives. The standard specific for this purpose—the one best known and approved—is Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the compound, concentrated extract of Hondutas sarsaparilla, and other powerful alteratives.

"I consider that I have been

SAVED

several hundred dollars' expense by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and would strongly urge all who are troubled with lameness or rheumatic pains to give it a trial. I am sure it will do them permanent good, as it has done me."—Mrs. Joseph Wood, West Plattsburgh, N.Y.

Dr. J. W. Shields, of Smithville, Tenn., says: "I regard Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best blood medicine on earth, and know of many wonderful cures effected by its use."

"For many years I was laid up with SCROFULA, no treatment being of any benefit. At length I was recommended to give Ayer's Sarsaparilla a trial. I did so, and

By Taking

about a dozen bottles, was restored to perfect health—weighing 230 pounds—and am now a believer in the merits of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—James Petsy, Mine Boss, Breckenridge Coal Co. (Limited), Victoria, Ky.

"My niece, Sarah A. Losee, was for years afflicted with scrofulous humor in the blood. About 18 months ago she began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after taking three bottles was completely cured."—E. Caffall, P.M., Losee, Utah.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5
Cures others, will cure you

New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with [illegible] Has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day.
daw JOHNATHAN MERRIFIELD.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Chambermaid. Apply at California Hotel. mar24-3t

WANTED—Pushing Canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; Permanent position. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. mar25-m s & wk-3m

WANTED—A servant girl. Apply Mrs. Haynes, 98 John St. mar23-10t

LADY wishes a child to take care of. Charges moderate. Address Mrs. N., Times office. mi6-1m

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply 75 Johnson St. mar-4-tc

WANTED—A partner with $2000 for the liquor business. Address "Business," TIMES office mi3 tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TABLE BOARD—First-class. $4.50 per week. 66 Fine St. mar24-10t

EMPLOYMENT WANTED by handy man on farm. Can also work in wood or iron. Got some tools. Address L. P. G., this office. mar24-3t

WANTED—Insurance upon merchants, stocks, household goods, dwellings and stores by the Alliance Assurance Co. (capital $24,000,000). Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

WANTED—ONE THOUSAND lives to insure in the Great Western Life Assurance Co. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

LOST—A pair of gold rimmed glasses. Finder will be rewarded on leaving them at the TIMES Office. no23-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—Money in large or small sums upon first mortgage by the "York-shire Guarantee and Securities Corporation. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

$1,900 WILL BUY A HOUSE—41 Rithet st., 5 rooms, bath, pantry and every convenience. Apply on premises, or to F. G. Richards, mar24-5t

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m24-tf

FOR SALE—First class cushion tyred safety bicycle, almost new, price $75; also pony cart, built last fall, suitable for small sized pony. Price $30. Apply to Wm. Christie, C. P. R. Telegraph office. mi0 tf

FOR SALE—A good business, suitable for female. Stock and good will $400. Address A. B., Times office. mi0-6t

FOR SALE—A good spring wagon with horse and harness complete for $140. Apply to Geo. Phillips, 146 Government St. f28-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ½ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

FOR SALE—Ten acres of very fine land, suitable for chicken or small fruit ranch, all cleared, well drained and under cultivation, six miles from city, on Saanich road. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—Ten roomed house, new, two minutes from Oak Bay avenue tram line, will be sold for $1000 less than would have been taken a year ago. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 173 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distric n11-tf-d-w

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—Story and a half cottage, South Turner St. Five rooms and bath, garden, etc. Apply Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. mar22-tf

TO LET—One 7-roomed shop on the corner of North and Ridge Sts., Spring Ridge. $10 per month. Also one 6 roomed house at $8 per month. Apply C. Farrington, next door. mar23 4t

NICELY furnished room to let, 234 Douglas street. m21-6t

TO LET—A seven roomed dwelling, centrally located. Bath, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co., 44 Broad Street. mar7-tf

TO LET—The best part of a well furnished house with entire use of the kitchen, 63 Superior street, James Bay. feb23-tf

TO LET.—Twenty acres of fine "market garden" land, three miles from city. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

$10 A MONTH—Nice detached cottages, Spring Ridge, six rooms each; this rent is very moderate. Also seven roomed house and shop. Apply C. Farrington, Spring Ridge, or Mr. Kearns on the premises. se20tf

PHYSICIANS.

H. D. LEITCH, M.D., Physician and Surgeon. Office—Driard Block, Victoria, B.C.; Telephone 420. Residence—129 Quadra Street, near North Park Street; Telephone 181. Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. fe15-tf

DR. E. C. FOOT, B. A. and M. P., University of Dublin, Licentiate Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Residence, 129 Michigan Street, James Bay. Office, Jewel Block, corner Yates and Douglas Street. de3

DRS. HALL & MACKECHNIE, Ernest Hall, M.D., L.R.C.P., Edinburgh, Moorefields Eye Hospital; late assistant in Central Throat and Ear Hospital, London. S. N. MacKechnie, M.B., Toronto University. Specialties—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Glasses adjusted to impefect Vision. Artificial eyes supplied. Office, Jewel Block, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., Victoria.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

MRS. R. STEVENSON, Certificated Midwife. 22 years' practice at Queen Charlotte's Hospital, London, Eng. Temporary address: 23 St. Louis Street, off Pandora St. mar10-1m

PROF. TOTTENHAM, Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist, (Late of the Dominion Hotel) will in future receive patients at the residence of Mr. Hillyer, 56 Pandora Street. fe2-codtf

KASLO, B. C.

WANTED—Lots in Kaslo. Send full description, title, price, terms, etc., to D. GILES, Kaslo, B. C.

MUSICAL.

MR. ROBERT GEDDES, TEACHER OF GUITAR AND BANJO Classes or private lessons. Apply at the Conservatory of Music, 37 Quadra street.

BANJO AND GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS—By Chicago's popular banjo player and guitarist, PROF. T. W. REAMER. Rare chance for beginners and advanced pupils. Studio, 94 Pandora St., Victoria, B. C. mar10 1m

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med., Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., of Lake View, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

FORTUNE TELLING.

MADAM BLOCKS. Tells past, present and future. 145 Johnson St., Room 6. mar18-1w

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the uringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, ja13 Secretary.

SONS OF ERIN. Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p. m. All Irishmen are invited to join. RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y. Pride of the Island No. 131 meets second and fourth Tuesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au19yr Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 128, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY, ja11-tf Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. oct9 E. PEMBERTON, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., Wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

JOHN J. AUSTIN NOTARY PUBLIC Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O Box 85.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184. ju16

JOHN DOHERTY GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale e22-1y

C. P. N. CO., LD., STEAMER Princess Louise, IRVING, MASTER. Will leave Rithet's inner wharf —FOR— Port Simpson and Way Ports ON MONDAY, March 27th, At 6 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage apply at office of company, Wharf street. The company reserve the right to change this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, m12-td Manager.

ATTEND THE NATIONAL Business College 67 Government St., Victoria, For a thorough course in Book-keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Shorthand, Typewriting, Correspondence, etc. Circulars free. DAY and NIGHT SCHOOLS.

SOME TEN CENT LINES. Lisle thread gloves, ten cents; ribbed hose, ten cents; Berlin wool, per bunch, ten cents. Russell, McDonald and Co.

Pocket knives and scissors at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Don't forget to secure some property in North Kaslo before too late. Head office at 104 Yates.

MILLINERY. A fine assortment at Russell, McDonald's.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND SACRED CONCERT —IN THE— EMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH, On Monday Evening, March 27th, PROGRAMME.

Anthem—"Praise Ye the Lord"..Richards
Solo.....
Violin Selection—"Heimroch"....Jungman
Master F. Richardson.
Solo—"The Children's Home".....Cowen
Mrs. Temple.
Solo—" Ora Pro Nobis".....Piccolimini
Mr. E. White
Organ Solo—"March from Elit"....M. Costa
Mr. G. J. Burnett.
Solo—"Guide Me, O Thou Great Jehovah"
Mrs. A. J. Clyde.
Anthem—"The Lord is My Shepherd"....
PART II.
Solo—"The Plains of Peace".....Bainard
Mr. H. Kent.
Duet—"Till We Meet Again".....Bailey
Miss Campbell and Mr. Watson
Solo—"Eternal Rest".....Piccolimini
Mr. J. G. Brown
Violin selection—"Souvenir de Bellini"
Mr. R. Wolff, L. C. M.
Solo—"That Sweet Story of Old" Marzalls
Miss O'Neil
Guitar selection—"Theme and Var" Ferrer
Mr. Geddes.
Solo—"The Better Land".....Cowen
Mrs. Temple
Organ Solo—"March Medley".....
Mr. G. J. Burnett.
Doxology.....

mar22-td

GRAND BALL. The Saanich Agricultural Society will hold a Ball on Wednesday, April 5. Supper furnished by the Ladies of the Committee. Tickets, $1.50. W. R. ARMSTROMG, mar21-td Secretary.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given that Aaron Lewis, carrying on business under the name and style of A. Lewis and Co., at No. 46 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, stove and hardware merchant, has assigned all his real and personal property to George Frank Mathews, of Government and Johnson streets, in the city of Victoria, and residing at No. 308 Dallas road, hardware merchant, and Robert Dudgeon, residing at the Brunswick hotel, Yates street, in the city of Victoria, bookkeeper to the said Aaron Lewis, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Aaron Lewis.

The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustees on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1893, and the assignees have undertaken the trusts created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said Aaron Lewis must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the assignees at Victoria, on or before the 20th day of April, 1893. All persons indebted to said Aaron Lewis are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignees forthwith. After the first day of July, 1893, the trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice. A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned on Friday, the 24th day of March, 1893, at 2.30 o'clock, p. m.

S. PERRY MILLS, 46 Langley street, Victoria, Solicitor for the Assignees.

Dated the 17th day of March, 1893. mar 18-1m

WE BEG TO INFORM Victorians That we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and spacious store 37 Fort Street, 5 doors above our old stand, where you can find the Only Opticians Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses, Who make a specialty of grinding complicated glasses and repairs of all kinds. Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada. Note the change of Address: 37 FORT STREET. (Formerly 27 Fort St.; successors to Hyams.) ☞ We give Oculist's Prescriptions our special attention. Do not let any one tell you that your glasses cannot be ground here. Bring your prescription to us. We guarantee to fill it within 48 hours, and give you work equal in accuracy and finish to any on the American continent.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stabbles

H. M. YATES, Secretary

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders endorsed "Board of Health Building" will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before Wednesday the 29th inst, at 4 p.m. for erecting a building for Board of Health purposes, on the Market grounds in this city. Plans and specifications can be seen and examined at the office of the City Engineer.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Victoria, B. C., March 24, 1893.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing and and known as CALLBREATH, GRANT and COOK, doing business as General Merchants in Cassiar, B. C., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to and due by the late firm will be settled by John Cowan Callbreath and George W. Cook.

JOHN C. CALLBREATH. JOHN GRANT. GEORGE W. COOK. By his attorney in fact, John C. Callbreath.

Witness for all—Jos. Fletcher. Victoria, B. C., 11th March, 1893.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited, At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out. Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

Changes of Advertisements.

It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

WEST COAST SMUGGLERS.

The Dominion government should be ready to grant Collector Milne's request that a cutter be placed at his disposal for the prevention of smuggling on the west coast of this island. Considerable quantities of contraband goods are supplied by American schooners and sloops to the Indians. Worse than all, they contrive to land whiskey, which constitutes a double offense. It would not cost much to furnish the collector with facilities for reaching these smuggling gentry, and the government, which is supposed to have a peculiar abhorrence of their practices, ought to be eager to provide such facilities.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR STRIKES.

Workingmen's organizations in the States have been considerably exercised over a decision given by United States circuit Judge Taft, of Michigan, in the matter of a railway strike. The judge in effect declared that when a strike was ordered by an officer of any labor organization, that officer should be held liable for all the damage resulting from the strike. The judgment was rendered under these circumstances: The interstate commerce law compels railroads to handle the freight of connecting roads. When the engineers on the Ann Arbor road struck, and their places were filled by non-union men, engineers on connecting roads at Toledo were ordered by Chief Arthur not to handle Ann Arbor freight. Compliance with this order could only result in their discharge, since connecting companies were compelled under severe penalties to handle this freight. To avoid a general tie-up of this nature, application was made to Judge Taft, of the United States Circuit Court, for an injunction against the engineers, restraining them from refusing to handle the boycotted freight, and it was in the course of these proceedings that the court laid down the doctrine that Chief Arthur, of the B. L. E., and Grand Master Sargent, of the B. L. E., were responsible for the damages resulting from a strike ordered by them. Naturally this dictum has caused much disquietude in labor circles, and Grand Master Sargent went so far as to say that if it is upheld by the supreme court it will prove the death knell of organized labor. If he were to be held liable, he said, for damages arising from a strike ordered by him he should take care to order no strikes. Mr. Sargent was probably taking too gloomy a view of the judgment's prospective effects on labor organizations, but that it will, if upheld, restrict the number of "sympathetic" railway strikes there can be no doubt.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Colonist finds nothing new in the debate on Dalton McCarthy's tariff motion. We have an idea that it was something new to see Mr. McCarthy condemning the "national policy" on the ground that it was doing the country an injury. That is not the way he talked even two years ago.

The unemployed in California are calling for something to do. Speaking of their condition the San Francisco Call says: "Managers of charitable institutions are not finding the relief that was expected when spring set in. Farmers are not yet ready to set men at work. The interior cities are so full of idle men that a new comer has little chance of getting anything to do." The Call wants some industries started to give employment to the idle men, but it must be apparent that there would have been more industries started before this if they could have found room.

For many years engineers and capitalists have been anxious to construct a tunnel under the straits of Dover, so that the traffic between England and France might be carried on comfortably by railway train instead of by boat with extreme discomfort. The tunnel would not be a very difficult work, and the patronage would in all likelihood be liberal. At least there are plenty of men willing to risk their money in the enterprise. But the project is blocked by a silly fear on the part of many of the English people that the tunnel would afford France a means of invading England in case of war. This is about as absurd and old-womanish an objection as ever was offered to any public improvement. However, there have been enough chicken-hearted Englishmen in the past to burk the enterprise by clinging to this argument, and it is likely they will be numerous enough to secure the throwing out of the bill now before Parliament to authorize the work. Mr. Gladstone and several of his colleagues favor the bill, but it is expected that even with their support it will not pass the Commons, and if it does make its way through the lower house it is almost sure to receive its quietus from the old women in the upper chamber.

THE ROYAL COMMISSION.

To the editor:—It is to be regretted that the evidence taken at the Royal Commission was not published with the report on "smallpox matter," because without the evidence it is difficult to understand some of the statements made therein. The report says: "Dr. Richardson was in charge of the hospital on the 14th July, three or four days being spent in making the necessary preparations and accommodations. The new cases which had been occurring day by day ceased at once; for 52 hours not a new case was reported and after the first August no cases at all for several days, so that on the 21st August Dr. Davie resigned his appointment." What a wonderful and miraculous interposition! The very names of Drs. Richardson and Davie stopped the epidemic at once! Oh, sir, what a prodigious amount of good these gentlemen might have done had they used some of that extraordinary genius a little earlier. For instance, as to the first case, (to use the words of the report) "On the 28th May Ferrer was driven out to Jubilee Hospital. Dr. Richardson at once diagnosed smallpox in a papular stage, sent him to Dr. Milne." And again early in July when Dr. Davie had charge of some of the early cases during the excitement. What tribulation they might have averted, and what money they would have saved for the ratepayers. But the smallpox expense received additional impetus by the establishment of the Jubilee quarantine, for the vouchers certified to by the president and secretary of the Jubilee Hospital and paid by the city treasurer, for buildings and 18 days' occupancy to the 31st July amounted to over $12,600. The report also says: "Most of the cases after the 14th July arose in the suspect station, where Dr. Hasell had established order out of chaos." There must be some mistake in these statements, as it does not agree with either Dr. Richardson's or Dr. Hasell's report, for by report of the former 81 patients were treated in July and 50 of them were received after the 14th of July, and only seven of the latter came from Dr. Hasell's suspect station. That extraordinary institution got the name of smallpox farm, but in spite of efforts to make it productive only 8 cases were claimed by Dr. Hasell, and two of them had not the disease at all.

RATETPAYER.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Caughan, on trial at the Brandon assizes for the manslaughter of Arthur Randall, has been acquitted.

George Parker, aged 60 years, dropped dead on the streets of Lucan. Heart disease was the cause.

Over 500 settlers arrived at Winnipeg on Friday on the colonist train. An elderly Belgian woman expired on board the train as it was nearing Winnipeg.

John Weir, bookkeeper for the Windsor Truck Co., disappeared on March 10. He came from England about a year ago.

William Mumford, bookkeeper to H. G. Smith & Co., Toronto, is under arrest on a charge of stealing $1,700 from his employers.

In the Nova Scotia house of assembly a bill was introduced to amalgamate the Nova Scotia and Woodside sugar refineries at Halifax and Dartmouth.

The death took place at Bath, Eng., of Alexander Buntin, paper manufacturer of Montreal, and one of the best known men in Canada. He was aged 71.

John W. Lewis, one of the oldest compositors in Toronto, having had a case on the Globe for the past 21 years, is dead, aged 54. He was stepson of the late Judge McCrae of Algoma.

Count de Cazes, Indian agent in the Edmonton district, has recently been appointed by the Dominion government as commissioner to represent the Indian department at the World's Fair.

Wm. Boise, of Staple, while going home to that place from Comber with $100 in his pocket, was met in the woods by a highwayman who robbed him, bound him to a tree and gagged him.

A fire at Fort William destroyed Manning's bakery, Hamilton's offices, Garret's bakery and Andrews' butcher shop.

Inspector Hunt, of the N. W. police, died suddenly at Duck Lake of paralysis of the heart. He was a native of Quebec.

Blue and Gold Piety.

A suit of sombre interest to the Christian world was recently filed at Detroit. The Rev. Eli Lemontais brought action against the Rev. John Carroll, rector of Grace Episcopal church in that city, for $5,000 salary as assistant rector for two years. There seems to be abundant proof that he performed the services cited in his bill of complaint. When the reverend litigant was asked about his suit he replied: "I performed the menial work; that is, I attended the funerals of poor people and prayed for the poor sick. Yes, Dr. Carroll sometimes attended funerals and prayed with the sick, but only where rich people were involved and there was money in it."

Here we have one more proof of the luxurious drift in large and wealthy church establishments. It is the same offensive distinction between china and crockery, in souls and sinners, which has long disfigured the great church centres in England. Bishops and canons do the superior elegance and take the gilt-edged members of the flock under their wing, while the poor curates attend to the "menial work."

This means, precisely as Rev. Lemontais puts it, praying with and ministering unto the thin-wooled lambs, whose fleece is not white and long enough for the higher clericals to touch.

The real secret is hidden in these words, "where there was money in it." In too many of these churches in our centres of wealth preachers who draw the salary of a railroad president come to be religious monomeculists and regard gold as the proper standard of salvation. To keep in touch with this standard the clerical figurehead cannot mingle with the inferior souls found as a sort of "necessary evil" in the most gold-plated parishes. Hence they become servants of the Lord by deputy and engage cheap substitutes to look after the crockery souls—people who have not so much splendor and respectability at stake.

If the lowly Nazarene in his fisherman's garments should appear in some of our fur-belowed congregations to-day, no doubt a number of his blue-and-gold followers would decline to be introduced. They could not take any social risks.—San Francisco Examiner.

A TEXAS POO-BAH.

He Came from Kentucky and Ran the Business of the Town.

"Some time ago," remarked a lawyer to a Louisville Courier-Journal wrier, "I had occasion to visit Texas. I stopped at a little town one Saturday about noon, intending to remain there until Monday morning.

"The proprietor of the hotel was a gray-haired fellow, well-preserved and apparently full of energy. I was consequently not very greatly surprised when he informed me that he also was a lawyer. He had a big, stout wife, and it struck me that he could very well leave the hostelry to her while he practised law. He disappeared shortly after noon. I started out to see something of the little town, and, needing a collar, stopped in one of the two or three dry-goods stores to buy one. I must confess that I was somewhat staggered when I found that the hotelkeeper, besides being a lawyer, was a clerk in a dry goods store—for it was he who smiled blandly at me over the counter. I extended my walk until night was falling, and as I approached the hotel, who did I see lighting the oil lamps in the main street but the hotel proprietor! The next morning, which was Sunday, I enquired of him the way to the church. 'Come on,' said he, 'I'll show you.' He took me into the church and showed me to a seat, after which he disappeared, saying he must go and ring the bell. In a few moments it was pealing forth its pleading 'Come, O come,' and soon the congregation had gathered. I was prepared for anything almost, after what I had seen of mine host's versatility, and was not much surprised when he ascended the stairs of the pulpit and opened services. Then he came down again and manipulated the keys of the wheezy little organ while the congregation sang. He then took up the collection, after which he again resumed the pulpit and preached as fine a gospel sermon as I have ever heard. When services were over and his flock had been dismissed with a fervent prayer the pastor closed up the church.

"'What sort of a man is Mr. So-and-So, anyhow?' I asked of a lawyer.

"'Oh,' he answered, 'he runs the town generally. He's killed a dozen men, more or less, and he is the best shot with his revolver in this part of the country. He's the best poker player, too, I ever saw. He is from Kentucky, too.'"

A Bit of Finesse.

An amusing little incident occurred at a fashionable wedding the other day, where many of the gifts presented to the bride was given as a sense of duty. One woman guest, who determined to save her money and credit at the same time, took a broken earring to Tiffany's and ordered the little stone set as a scarfpin for the groom. As she sagely remarked: "It does me no good, and coming from such a famous establishment they are sure to prize it and think I paid a lot of money."

When the package was returned from the shop the wedding guest failed to examine her proposed present, and merely dispatched it with her card and compliments. Imagine her disgust when, strolling through the rooms where the bridal gifts were displayed, to find a dozen people standing about her offering and every face stretched into a wide smile of amusement. For an instant she hesitated, then pressed forward, and lo! there was the precious white satin paper box, beneath the prized name, it is true, but alas! below. "From repairing department," and even worse than all, resting on the blue cotton beside the pin, was the old broken bit of carring, returned by the conscientious firm. There is one woman who now declares that honesty is the best policy.—Illustrated American.

WINDMILLS.

The Various Ways in Which Their Power May Be Utilized.

I was somewhat surprised to read that such a well-posted correspondent as John M. Stahl seems to be has not seen or heard of a windmill being used for sawing wood, says A. P. Sharp in Country Gentleman. I have had one for years that saws wood, shells and grinds corn, cuts hay and fodder and pumps water with a moderate wind. It is on my barn, and, if I recollect right, the cost was not over $150, all told. The saw is circular, and goes through hard chestnut wood without a halt. With fair wind it will chop or grind corn, cut cornstalks and fodder, and I have shelled 40 bushels of corn before breakfast.

I have had three solid wooden-wheel mills; all worked moderately well, but if any of your readers think of buying a windmill I would say that this is the age of steel—buy a steel mill. I have had one now for two years for pumping water alone, and would not be without it for any reasonable sum. It is only an eight-foot mill and has more power than I need, even with a wind that can hardly be felt. It is a solid steel mill, and I hear it has been greatly improved since my purchase. Having the tower of the old mill that was blown to pieces, it was used for the new one and the cost was less than $50, the party furnishing the mill and work of putting it up ready for use. From the start it has worked nicely and will pump all the water I need with a wind that will hardly bring the big mill to the wind when out of gear.

Having had much trouble with the force-pump often needing packing, which necessitated getting down in the well, I have dispensed with it by placing in the well an ordinary cucumber stock with valve below the water. The top of the stock is carried up higher than the tank at the barn, and as soon as the water in the stock reaches the right point it flows into a small tank alongside, from which the connection is made. This is done to prevent the overflow from the pumpstock, as the flow of the lifted water is much greater than the capacity of the inch pipe to carry it to the barn or house. Of course if the mill were much lower than the tank it could not be conveyed anyway, but when near the same level, as mine is, or higher, as is often the case, there is no need of a force pump.

Now that windmills are so cheap and so perfectly made, is it not a wonder that they are not more common on our southern farms and truck gardens? How many of our readers are possessed of this valuable force?

SHE HAD NO LICENSE.

The steamer Cariboo and Fly has been charged with carrying passengers without a license between Victoria and Northern ports. Particulars of the case have been telegraphed to Ottawa and Collector Milne is now awaiting an answer.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

IT MUST BE DONE.

On an application made in chambers to-day before Mr. Justice Walkem for the postponement of the trial of Baker vs. Coughlan, a peremptory order was made that the trial be set down for April 18th.

THE McDONALD RAISED.

The hull of the wrecked steamer J. G. McDonald has been raised and will be brought to Victoria next week. The steamer Alert, with the assistance of three scows, accomplished the difficult task, and the steamer is now being held up by the scows.

FOR CALAFORNIA.

The steamer Umatilla sailed for San Francisco with the following cabin passengers from this port: W. H. Wheeler, Mrs. Wheeler and children, R. Cooper, Ed Dick, W. Anderson, L. W. Love, C. Strouss, L. Hull, Mrs. Wadleigh, Mrs. Cowper and children.

SPIRITUALISM.

The B. C. Society of Spiritualists will celebrate the 45th anniversary of modern spiritualism on Sunday evening at Pioneer Hall, Broad street, at 7:30. Mrs. C. Mayo Steers, spiritual teacher, will deliver a short lecture, and about an hour will be devoted to giving tests. Admission 10c.

NORTH PACIFIC DELAYED.

The steamer North Pacific did not leave last evening but got away this afternoon. She broke a band on her connecting rod yesterday while on the way over and it was decided to fix it up before taking her out. She will return again to-morrow in order not to miss a trip entirely.

INQUEST ON MONDAY.

An autopsy on the bodies of the Chinamen found dead yesterday morning at F. H. Worlock's residence, was held last night. The result will be made known at the inquest to be held on Monday afternoon. There is a theory that the Chinamen were asphyxiated by a charcoal stove which was found in the room.

FIVE HUNDRED SEALSKINS.

E. B. Marvin and Co., have already nearly five hundred sealskins stored away in the basement of their store on Wharf street. Most of them are from their own schooners. The sealskins are fine ones and would easily pass as first class in comparison with any skin on the market. The market on skins is quiet and somewhat uncertain in tone.

TO BE TRANSFERRED.

The report that has long been afloat that C battery would be transferred to Quebec was confirmed last night by a dispatch from Quebec. The Royal Marine Artillery will likely take possession of the barracks and be under orders from the Admiral of the North Pacific station. No date has yet been fixed for the removal.

THE MINER IN NEW HANDS.

The Nelson Miner has been formally taken over by Robert Renwick, acting for Clive Phillips-Wolley. The paper is announced as independent in politics and committed first, last and always to the interests of Kootenay. The new management will add to the plant and build the paper up. "Bob" Renwick is said to be a favorite in Nelson already.

IN GREAT DEMAND

It has been a busy time at 104 Yates street lately. North Kaslo city lots have been in great demand. Yesterday there were 48 lots sold in Vancouver and 12 in Victoria. Those who seek a good paying investment should at once secure some of this property before it is all gone. The advantageous situation of this property on the north shore of Kaslo Bay renders it highly desirable residential property.

CUTTING IT DOWN.

The Northern Pacific will not allow the Great Northern to have any advantage over it in the matter of time on through trains between Puget Sound for the summer time card of passenger trains, which will take effect next month, will provide for such a reduction in time as the Great Northern cannot beat. Under the new schedule a fast train will make the run to St. Paul in 60 hours, stopping only at the principal stations.

EASTERN VISITORS.

T. Ahearn and family of Ottawa are at the Driard. They have just returned from a trip to California via New York and Panama and have been about four months on the way around to Victoria. Mr. Ahearn is interested in the Ottawa electric car service, which is a fine system. He is also an electric expert. He and his family will remain here until Wednesday, when they go to New Westminster for a week. They then go home.

DOWN FROM THE NORTH.

The steamer Cariboo and Fly arrived back from the north this morning. She brings little news from the north. During the storm ten days ago a house at McLennan's cannery on the Naas was blown down, and the church at the same point was saved from a similar fate by the action of the people in propping it up. The first run of oolachans was about over. Cunningham's steamer Chieftain got about 30 barrels. Nothing was heard of the Indian disturbances.

KNOCKED DOWN AND KICKED.

William Beckersen, a sailor on the schooner Minnie, which arrived in port on Thursday, complained to the police that he was assaulted by Captain Jacobson and his brother while the schooner lay in port yesterday. Beckersen said that he was knocked down and kicked when upon the ground. He affirms that he gave no provocation for the assault and came ashore to take action against Captain Jacobson.

GOOD ADVICE.

We strongly advise the public not to miss this last opportunity of securing cheap clothing for men and boys. This is the last night of Russell and McDonald's Annual Clothing Sale, and such another chance to secure cheap clothing will not occur again for a year.

OF UNSOUND MIND.

William H. Bawden, of Duncan's Station, was brought to the city this morning by Mr. M. Dougal, the government agent, and registered at the provincial jail as being of unsound mind. He will be taken to the Westminster asylum. Bawden is about 26 years of age and has lived at Duncan's for some time.

CONCERT THIS EVENING.

There will be a concert at Philharmonic hall this evening to aid in defraying the expenses of the Victoria Junior Rugby Football team to Vancouver and New Westminster on Good Friday and Holy Saturday. A fine programme, including sparring, singing and recitations will be given. Bob Foster and an unknown will give a burlesque set-to.

REVENUE CUTTER NEEDED.

Collector Milne Finds it Difficult to Prevent Smuggling Without One.

Collector of Customs A. R. Milne, assisted by the provincial police, is doing his best to break up the West Coast whiskey ring. He has succeeded in putting a stop to the drinking among the Indians at Port San Juan, and Officers McNeill and McNaughton are now the Indians at Port San Juan, and Officare looking after the Barclay Sound district. Most of the whiskey is being taken down from Victoria but American schooners are suspected of selling provisions that have not passed through the custom house. When the American schooners go for Indian crews they have necessarily to land provisions to keep the squaws while the men are out on the cruise.

Collector Milne has for a couple of years been endeavoring to induce the government to place a cutter at his disposal for the purpose of preventing smuggling on the coast, at least during the spring, but so far he has not been successful. He again to-day wrote to the department pointing out the urgency of some action beig taken as by landing provisions the American schooners divert a great deal of trade from the merchants who comply with the law.

The steamer Sir James Douglas would, if overhauled, answer the purpose.

SURVEYING THE STRAITS.

U. S. Steamer Gedney Will be at Work in the Course of Three Weeks.

The steamer Gedney will be back at the work of completing the triangulation of the Straits of San Juan de Fuca in about three weeks, and will again be doing service in the vicinity of Victoria. Speaking about the survey work, Lieut. Lucian Flynne said a few days ago:

"Last summer we were engaged in the triangulation of the straitts of San Juan de Fuca, and we shall continue our work there this summer. The triangulation is in charge of Mr. J. J. Gilbert, assisted by men detailed from the Gedney, the total complement of the vessel being 34 men. The United States coast survey charts are the finest ever made, and have received world-wide praise. In fact, some people say that it is too fine, but time will disprove this assertion. The ultimate object of this survey is to make a correct hydrographic survey, but the first preliminary is to get the shores correctly located geographically. In doing this several stations on each side of the strait are located with astronomical precision, and they are connected by triangles. Between these main stations are located intermediate stations by surveys, and from these a topographical survey of the coast is made. It is very difficult to triangle across the straits, as it can only be done by flashing the sunlight across with a heliograph, and often it is too foggy and smoky to see across the straits."

THE ROYAL NAVY.

H. M. S. Royal Arthur to Sail for This Station Within a Few Days.

H. M. S. Royal Arthur, the new flagship of the Pacific squadron, was placed in the dock at Portsmouth on March 7th in order to see if all her under-water fittings were in good condition, and it is expected she will leave for Valparaiso on March 28th to relieve H. M. S. Warspite, which is awaiting her arrival.

H. M. S. Brilliant recently completed her engine trials at Sheerness with good results. She was built at Sheerness and is a second-class deck-protected cruiser, with twin screws. She is of steel and wood and copper sheathed, of 3,600 tons, with 9,000 horse power, and draws 17 feet 6 inches. She is 300 feet long and 43 feet 8 inches beam. Her engines were built by Hawthorn & Co. Her cost was £195,098. She carries two six-inch quick firing guns, six four-inch quick firing guns and nine smaller ones, four machine guns and one launching torpedo carriage. She carries 400 tons of coal. She made 19.2 knots at natural draft and 20.4 knots at forced draft. It is expected she will relieve the Garnet on this station, as the Garnet's time expires this fall. The Brilliant was launched last year.

THE ORATORIO "CRUCIFIXION."

The oratorio "Crucifixion" by Stainer, was given last evening in Christ Church Cathedral before a large audience. The participants in the production were Messrs. H. Kent, F., K., and F. Wollaston, S. Aspland, T. and J. Johnston, W. Brown, J. Keith and C. W. Rhodes. The music of the oratorio is well suited to the solemnity of the event sought to be depicted by the composer. The opening scene, the garden of Gethsemane, was very cleverly executed. The various solos, duos, trios, choruses and instrumental selections were all capitally rendered, and gave so much satisfaction that it has been decided to present the oratorio again on Good Friday. All who take pleasure in music of the higher class will do well to hear this oratorio as treated by the able singers of last evening.

AN AUSTRALIAN VISITOR.

Mr. R. S. Smythe, of Melbourne, a well-known Australian theatrical manager and newspaper man, arrived from San Francisco yesterday. He reports having met Mr. D. E. Brown before he left Australia, and believes that gentleman's mission will meet with a cordial reception. Mr. Smythe believes that a line of steamers between British Columbia and Australia would be well patronized, as many travellers would choose this route in order to avoid the heat of the Red Sea.

JADE IN UPPER BURMAH.

Dr. Noetling, of the Indian Geological Survey, has issued an interesting report on jade in Upper Burmah. Formerly it was extracted only in the Uru valley, where it was found in boulders, mixed with other rocks, in the alluvial deposits of the river. The hill quarries at Tawmaw were discovered by the Kachins, and now about 700 laborers are employed during the dry season. Here the mode of extraction is primitive and destructive. The surface of the rock is heated by large fires, and the cold at night is sufficient to crack it, without pouring on water. By using crowbars and wedges in the cracks, large blocks of jade are obtained, which are broken with mallets to make them of a size suitable for transport. This rude treatment naturally damages the stone, and therefore the alluvial jade is greatly preferred. The local chief of Kansi claims to be the owner of these quarries; he receives a royalty on all the jade sent away and grants licenses to the Kachins to work certain diggings. Jade, says Dr. Noetling, is a curious example of articles highly prized by certain people, and regarded with complete indifference by others. The Burmese and the Chinese, especially the latter, value a good piece of jade as much as, if not more than, so much gold. Thus they will pay for a piece large enough for a signet ring 400 to 500 rupees, while the same piece sold in Europe will fetch little or nothing. There is, in fact, no market for jade outside China and Burmah, but then these countries contain an aggregate population of about 450 millions ready to buy any quantity of the mineral that is produced.

GRIP AND PASSWORD.

Doings Among the Local Lodges During the Past Week

I.O.O.F.

Acme Lodge, No. 14, had work in the initatory and second degree last Monday night. There was a good attendance of the brethren, who work harmoniously and successfully for friendship, love and truth. It is expected that candidates will be initiated and some degree work next Monday night again.

VICTORIA LODGE, NO. 1, I.O.O.F.

Victoria Lodge, No. 1, met on Monday evening, when considerable business was transacted. The plans for the proposed additional story on the hall were discussed at considerable length, and were finally laid by, as far as that lodge was concerned, the members thinking they could do very well without building at present. One application for membership was received and referred to a committee. One application for reinstatement came in and one brother was advanced to the third degree. A committee was appointed to confer with the other lodges to devise some means of celebrating the anniversary of this order, which falls on April 26th.

Vancouver Encampment, No. 1, met on Tuesday evening, and, as usual, a large amount of business was gone through with. Two applications for membership were received and referred to a committee, and one brother was advanced to the second degree and three brothers to the third degree. Quite an interest is being taken in this branch of the order and considerable work is always ahead of the officers.

Canton Victoria, No. 1, P. M., met for drill last Saturday evening. Quite a large number turned out. To-night is the regular nightly meeting, and it is expected that a candidate will be present to take the P. M. degree.

A new canton is about to be started in New Westminster. The charter is being rapidly filled up.

Another new lodge of the I.O.O.F. is to be started at Ashcroft. They have applied for a charter. This will be Lodge No. 23.

COMPANIONS OF THE FOREST.

The paraphernalia and charter of the above order arrived yesterday, and the organizers are prepared to institute the circle on Monday evening next at the Foresters' Hall. All the charter members are requested to be present at 7.30 and to bring with them their medical certificates.

C. O. O. F., M. U.

A meeting of Loyal Pride of the West Lodge was held on March 24th. The following officers were elected and installed: N.G., Bro. Alex. Kay; V.G., Bro. Andrew Hunter; P.N.G., A. W. Semple; Secretary, F. LeRoy; Treasurer, S. Shore; I.M., V. E. Ottoway; Auditors, A. Carter, W. Stainer and W. Tee; Trustees, A. Hunter, A. W. Semple, W. McKay; Warden, Bro. Rice; Conductor, Bro. Welch. Ordinary routine business was transacted. Bro. Tagg, N.G. of Dauntless, acted as installing officer. Bros. Tagg, N.G., Fullerton, P.N.G., of Fernwood, and other visiting brethren were present. It was decided to move to St. George's Hall, corner of Government and Bastion streets, where the meeting will take place on the second Thursday in April.

K. OF P.

Sunset Lodge, No. 10, at its regular convention last Tuesday evening, conferred the ranks of page and knight on several candidates. A committee was appointed, who in conjunction with Far West, No. 1, and the Uniform Rank will arrange a monster excursion to Seattle to take place at an early date.

The rank of knight was conferred in Far West Lodge, No. 1, at Friday's meeting.

Far West Lodge appointed a committee at their last meeting to make arrangements for an excursion to Seattle.

Visiting knights will have little trouble in future when looking for the Pythian hall. The coat-of-arms has been placed over the main entrance on Broad street.

Victoria Division, No. 2, Uniform Rank, will elect several candidates at their next meeting. The division drilled in the Market hall on Thursday evening.

A. O. U. W.

Very little outside of routine business was done at the various lodge meetings of the week. A number of new members were initiated and applications for membership ware received. One of the city lodges expects to initiate between fifty and one hundred members one evening. Efforts are being made to make the number even over a hundred.

IT IS YOUR LAST CHANCE.

This is the last night of our Annual Clothing Sale. Russell, McDonald and Co.

—North Kaslo City property the best on the market and the lowest in price. Head office at 104 Yates street.

Beauty and Comfort.

Women know how much comfort and health conduce to comeliness of person. To men beauty does not seem to call for analysis. If a woman imagines she cares more for beauty than for comfort and health, it is because she does not see that beauty is impossible without both. A Rigby Waterproof cloak is conducive to health and productive of comfort, and at the same time may be in itself an adornment to the person of the wearer. Rigby is now for sale in over two hundred designs in Ladies' mantle cloth, as well as it Gentleman's overcoats.

It is at the same time stylish, comfortable, sanitary and waterproof.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

Spencer's Arcade

MILLINERY OPENING

Tuesday, Wednesday and Following Days

THIS WILL BE THE FINEST DISPLAY WE HAVE YET MADE.....

D. SPENCER, Government Street.

For Steam and Heating purposes
Use COMOX Nut and Slack Coal.
For Household and Domestic Purposes use
WELLINGTON Lump and Nut Coal
Sold only by THE SIDNEY COAL CO., 51 Store Street.
mar7-tf

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled

Steamer Princess Louise leaves for the north to-morrow evening.

The schooner Labrador, Captain Whitely, was towed to the straits to-day by the Constance.

The Tacoma arrived in port at 4:10 this afternoon. She leaves for the Orient to-night.

The steamer North Pacific was seventeen hours late, yet a man and woman managed to just miss it.

The steamer North Pacific established a record for herself by getting in at five o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Among the freight on the Empress of India will be a carload of steel ranges from Seattle for Yokohama.

Steamer Yosemite went alongside the C. P. N. dock this afternoon to be prepared for her run on the Fraser river route.

The steamship Tacoma is expected up from the Sound this afternoon. She will not remain long, but will depart a few hours after arrival for the Orient. She has a good cargo of freight this trip and several passengers.

Captain William Roberts, of the missing White Star steamer Naronic, was formerly captain of the Adriatic, and was transferred to the freighter because of his refusal to tow the City of Paris into Queenstown when she was injured 350 miles from shore.

W. A. Woodlin, of Fairhaven, has received an order for a ship's cargo of choice lumber from the French government. The lumber is to be good, and will be used at Noumea, New Caledonia, a French penal colony in the South Pacific ocean, which has a population of about 5,600.

The engine for the steam schooner being built at Laurel Point by Samuel Kelly has just been shipped from Hamilton. It is a hundred horse-power engine and is the first ocean vessel engine ever made in Hamilton. Good progress is being made on the vessel.

The Commercial News says that the secretary of Lloyd's has received the following communication from the agent at Punta Arenas, Straits of Magellan: "I beg to inform you that the Chilean government has despatched the small steamer Huemul, under the command of a navy officer, to the Evangelists islands, off Cape Pillar, to survey the same, with the view of establishing a lighthouse on one of these solitary rocks, for the benefit of vessels entering the Straits of Magellan."

The Shipewhers' Association of San Francisco is making a determined fight against the Coast Seamen's union. A Mr. Jameson is on the Sound as their representative. He has visited Seattle, Tacoma and Port Blakeley and posted bills advertising the non-union office at San Francisco, where employment will be furnished to all classes of seamen. The wages are $25 per month for those going off shore, $30 per month for coasting vessels and $40 per month for steamships. Mr. Jameson will also visit Port Townsend, Victoria and Nanaimo, and probably establish agencies on the Sound as well as on this side.

The provisional government of Hawaii has issued an order to its consuls to cease issuing to any foreign built vessels, ships or steamers of any class, a temporary register certificate of Hawaiian ownership, sea letters or any documents allowing such craft to fly the Hawaiian flag. If the Hawaiian Islands are annexed to the United States, all vessels under the Hawaiian flag will be admitted as entitled to fly the ensign of the United States. It is said that there are numbers of foreign vessels which could never come under the American flag except by first becoming Hawaiian vessels, and to prevent this the provisional government of the Hawaiian Islands has wisely issued the above instructions to all the Hawaiian consuls. With this exception the business of the Hawaiian consulates will be conducted under the same rules as have been practiced under the former system of government.

If you are tired and never hungry, Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you feel strong and well, and give you a hearty appetite.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

—North Kaslo City is no outside acreage or addition to Kaslo City as reported, but is the best inside property on the waterfront now on the market. See plans at 104 Yates street before purchasing outside acreage.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that tenders for the construction and equipment of the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company, complete in all respects, will be received by the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company up to noon of April 16th, 1893, at the office of the Company, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

Plans, specifications, conditions of tender, and all details to be had at the Company's office.

The company reserve the right to reject any or all tenders.

P. C. DUNLEVY, President,
ROBERT IRVING, Secretary,
Victoria and Sidney Railway Company.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As complaints have been made by residents of the higher levels that they are unable to obtain water, for the reason that it is being allowed to run to waste on the lower levels, the attention of all those so wa water is called to the provisions of the "Water Works Prohibition By-Law," under which parties guilty of improperly wasting water are liable on conviction to a penalty of $100.

E. A. WILMOT,
Water Commissioner.
January 27, 1893. 1a28-tf

Notice to Contractors and Others.

Tenders are requested for the erection of Potting Houses, etc., at Craigdarroch for Mrs. Dunsmuir. Tenders will be received at my office (where plans and specifications may be seen) up till three o'clock in the afternoon of Saturday next, March 25th.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
304 Government st., March 23rd, 1893.—2t

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

In pursuance of the "Creditors Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that Thomas Russell, of 27 Ellis street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, accountant, has assigned all his real and personal property to William Wilson, of Government street, in the city of Victoria, and residing at Pemberton road, in the city of Victoria, clothier, and James Burns, of Beacon Cottage, Beacon Hill, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, commission merchant, in trust for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Thomas Russell. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustees on the 22nd day of March, 1893, and the assignees have undertaken the trusts created by the said deed.

Dated 22nd March, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignees.
March 24-1m

CHURCH ORGANS.

The list of Churches using our Organs will prove to your satisfaction that we furnish the BEST for the least money. Prices from $100 to $3,000. If you will state the seating capacity of your church or hall, we will send—(free)—complete specifications of a PELOUBET CHURCH ORGAN, exactly suited to your needs. We are also prepared to build Church Organs for residences.—These instruments are the crowning feature of a modern home. We build to style to match the woodwork. Write for designs and prices.

LYON & HEALY,
State and Monroe Sts. CHICAGO.
NOTE.—Our factories produce upward of 100,000 musical instruments annually.

CALL IN AND EXAMINE OUR NEW SYSTEM
5 PER CENT. RETURNED
ON ALL AND EVERY PURCHASE MADE AT
Franck's Grocery
COR. FORT & QUADRA STS.
TELEPHONE 1204.
DESPATCH USED IN DELIVERY OF GOODS.

New England Bakery.
116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.
The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is
Now Open Day and Night.
AT THE OLD STAND.
THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.
YOUNG BROS.

NEW GOODS
FOR Spring AND Summer
JUST RECEIVED.
A. GREGG & SON,
Tailors, 62 Yates St.
mar2-1m

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practicle experience of over 25 years. mar1

An Atlantic Voyage
Tickets for passage to or from Great Britain and Europe issued at LOWEST RATES. Berths reserved by telegraph without extra charge.
HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
AGENTS,
Cunard, Iuman and White Star Steamship Lines.

ROMANTIC OLD CUBA.

The Poet-Wanderer Aptly Depicts Scenes Peculiar to That Favored Isle.

Havana Swains—The Nimble Vaquero—Fun on the Ocean—Grim Scotch Humor.

[Special Correspondence of the TIMES.]

London, March 13, 1893.—If foreign travel has its sad and pathetic coloring, it is still often enlivened with many diverting situations, amusing incidents and genuinely humorous aspects.

But few rays of this genial sunshine fall upon the face of sunny Cuba. To the mind and heart of the traveler it remains a sort of terrazo doloroso in perspective. Save for its matchless tropical beauty and the languorous beauty of its women it remains plaintively in the memory; altogether sombre in tone and color. This observation will hold true of travel in all countries whose folk are of the swarthy Latin lineage. From many visits to the beautiful island I recall no more than three situations where the foreign spectator might be beguiled into mirthful emotions; and these possessed the quality of ridiculousness rather than humor.

One of these I witnessed repeatedly late at night. It is the outgrowth of surveillance of parents over daughters. It is the solitary midnight serenade. Time after time, on returning to my hotel from divers wanderings at night in the Cuban capital, have I passed these love-stricken youths, stationed opposite the homes of their inamoratas in all manner of agonizing attitudes, strumming dew-muffled notes upon ancient guitars, and lifting their voices in passionate though doleful petitions to the night, the moon, the stars, and all the saints, to aid them in reaching the ears and hearts of their adoradas. The favorite, indeed, almost the universal, ballad sung by these love-lorn Cuban youths is "La Luna," of which I recall one stanza:

Mis penas y mis fatigas,
Ya no se pueden contas,
Se alcanzan unas a otras
Como las olas del mar.
Luna, bella protectora,
No me niegues tu fulgar;
Voy en busca de un tesoro—
Voy en busca de mi amor!

My sorrows and languors,
Unmeasurable portion,
They follow each other
As waves of the ocean.
Sweet Luna, protectress,
Deny not effulgence;
For a treasure I'm searching—
My dear love's indulgence!

Nobody pays any attention to those who thus pour out their souls upon the night. The parents, who are used to it, simply turn in their beds with thanks to he saints that their doors are massive and the windows are of iron bars. Belated male passers cast sympathetic glances at the lone troubadours, remembering their own dismal efforts in the past. Even the neighbors keep silence; and not a rock or handy household implement is shot, as from some shadowy catapult, on disturbing mission through the bosky midnight air. For hours of this sort of lugubrious vigil no reward is sought or expected. But if the flutter of a dainty hand, or the shimmer of delicate laces, is for an instant caught at the balcony of the fair one's alcoba, then is the minstrel lover in an ecstacy of delight.

One one occasion I came upon two of these amorous Romeos, singing and playing in a sort of desperate rivalry beneath one balcony. It was truly a dilemma both for the adorado and her lovers. The latter were both singing "La Luna," one in a frenzied falsetto, the other in a baritone hoarse from jealous passion. A polite guardia civil finally relieved the dramatic tension of the situation by carrying away one at a time to a near bodega, thus preventing a tragedy, securing his own fill of wine, and in a kind of relay giving each smitten troubadour a fair and equitable chance at the moon.

Another situation, illustrating Cuban sociological peculiarities, was found in a railway trip across the island. One of the passengers, an old senora, sneezed. Instantly and reverently a score of passengers responded: "Dios te guardia!" ("God guard thee!") She sneezed again. This time the concerted ejaculation was: "Maria!" She sneezed the third time. This was followed by a chorus of voices with: "Jose!" It is a universal Cuban custom, and in its motive reminds forcibly of the quite as universal German custom, when one sneezes, to express kindly concern by responding with the unctuous and expressive "Gesundheit."

Again, a young fellow, passing a mother and beautiful daughter on his way out of the car, doffed his hat, stood straight and tall before the couple he had never before seen, and with the dignity of a veritable Don Quixote said in Spanish: "Old woman, keep that daughter of heavenly beauty for the unworthy one before you!" Then he strode away and nobody assaulted him. The aged senora responded pleasantly, "I will faithfully keep her!" Possibly the fair senora's fan moved a little more rapidly at the compliment. But nobody thought amiss of the episode, or for that matter anything at all about it, save myself.

At one time myself and friends were travelling on horseback the almost impassible country roads of the southern coast, in the vicinity of Trinidad. Along in the afternoon we suddenly heard a great rustling, galloping and hallooing some distance in advance. Our wise ponies suddenly grew restive and showed alarm. We halted for a moment; the yeomen listened; and directly cried out excitedly:

"Ah, biene un toro bravo!" ("Here comes a wild bull!") The words were not out of his mouth before his feet struck the ground. Whipping out his machete he cut with incredible speed a way through the hedge. Thundering around a sharp corner in the road came a wild bull, his pursuing rider yelling "Tengan cuidado con el toro!" ("Look out for the bull!") The brute, catching sight of our group, charged madly upon us, and it would have surprised your anise-seed fox-hunters to have seen the vaulting through and over that hedge as the gleaming horns whisked by our ponies' twinkling heels; while, true under all circumstances to the principle of Cuban politeness, the vanishing vaquero turned in his saddle, removed his hat, and with the bow of a courtier sang out after our flying squad:

"Perdonemen, amigos; pero he tenido el diablo con este toro!" ("Your pardon, my friends; but I am having a devil of a time with this bull!")

The going to and coming from Europe on the great ocean liners provide an endless variety of ludicrous incidents; because on every steamer passengers to a large proportion are new to the peculiar and irrevocable situation; formality can by no means be uninterruptedly sustained; individuals, character and station are brought into close, sharp and most striking contrasts; and all social distinctions are liable at any moment to total obliteration in the common and often grotesque misery of sea-sickness. Two or three meals at farthest sponge the banquet airs from the cabin tables. The ship's commander, bland as a bartender in port, has hidden himself from view. The purser's window is shut as if hermetically sealed. The ship's doctor has retired behind the strictest interpretation of hours and rules. The chief and assistant stewards, to whom your great fee has already gone for a choice seat at the table, refuse to recognize you. Your room steward eyes you with a look of sharp suspicion and close analysis. Will you give him much trouble and will you fee generously? comprises his uttermost interest. But he will permit no early familiarity. The stewardess flaunts her white-capped head, plainly saying: "There are characters h'on this 'ere vessel aside my h'own to sustain, sir!" The boatswains, whose frizzled, fatherly faces on the first day gave promise of sea yarns and ocean lore revelations, are as stolid as bronzes or brass.

The seargeants-at-arms and deck-stewards walk around you, look you up and down, over and around, fore and aft, starboard and port, as if to remind you that deck rules are deck law, sir. The bell-boys little dried-up commodores of the passages, library and lavatories, regard you from beneath beetling brows as with savage advance protests against possible requests for favors. Wander where you may on your steamer's decks or within her splendid cabins, you find but savagery, selfish preoccupation and despair.

And how it levels the proud and great! Look at them sprawling in their chairs, hundreds of them, under the lee-awnings, hope, pride, scorn, hauteur, all flowers below. That pompous old fellow who can draw his check for a cool flown like the flush of the shriveled million, and who, on shore, reckons himself a boy of 40, you know, is stretched there like a drunkard, holding his two sets of false teeth in his nerveless hand with the most familiar abandon. He recks not those who see; he sees not those who reck. Here is a grand dame, as easy a subject of study. Her wig is displaced; the powder and color have been sponged from one side of her face by some attentive stewardess; her laces, flounces and silks are dishevelled; she is snoring, diversified by snorts and palateal staccatos.

See this erst peerless New York belle! Paint, powder and bilgewater are blended in a dirty French gray upon her leathery countenance. The fog has deposited a clammy rime upon this. Strands of her now waveless hair are fluttering stickily within her open mouth. Her eyes seem to have gone back into her head an inch and are closed beneath dirty yellow lids. Amid this wreck of beauty there is one bit of color. It is in her pinky, pointed nose. It would have paralyzed her to have worn a 25-cent bathing-hat at sea. So from under the edge of her $25 hat her sea-blistered nose rises rare and red like some hectic beacon-light looming above drear, dank, dolorous isles. In a few days more the long-abused cuticle will peel from this little nose in tenacious swirls and curls, and as she steps upon the staging at Liverpool the rude customs inspectors will pronounce her an "H'American h'objeck."

A voluble lady sitting in her deck-chair and undergoing the premonitory qualms of mal-de-mer, remarks to the unhappy group about her:

"If I get sea-sick like the rest of these people, I shall just give up my reason altogether, so I shall."

Whereupon a bluff old party awakens from his stupor long enough to retort spitefully:

"Judging from my own experience, you will give up far more than that, madame!"

On the other side of the ropes, where the steerage passengers ar herded like cattle, you will see them walking the deck as if at wager, with occasional quick recourse to the side-rail for relief. They are immeasurably brighter, sunnier and lighter-hearted in their misery than the more comfortable cabin passengers. While they are pounding cheerily about deck you may approach and sympathetically accost an emigrant with,

"Well, my boy, how do you find yourself this morning?"

"Me health's all right, yer honor" (a plunge to the side-rail), is the sturdy rejoinder. Then, with a twinkle in his blood-shot eyes, "but, faith, me ticket's steerage!"

The ocean liner is never without its ferret, who is sometimes a divinity student, "broadening his range of observation and study," frequently the young reporter honestly desirous of acquiring everything possible to be learned on shipboard in six days' effort; and often a female who has broken loose in search of a "career." These human interrogation points usually have gold-rimmed eyeglasses, invulnerable assurance, and notebooks which are drawn on victims with the celerity of genuine deadly weapons.

They are abroad for information, and they get it. Cornering the ship's commander on the subject of sea-sickness, they find:

"Dear sir, or madam, I have followed the sea for 25 years, and have put more in it than I ever took out of it!"

From grim old travelers they learn:

"This is my hundred and fortieth passage, sir, or madam. Though I have taken every meal on shipboard, I have frequently missed them!"

Irrepressible they still are when the sea and storm pound the waves and the fog upon the distracted passengers while crossing the Newfoundland banks, and there is not life enough left in the objects in the deck-chairs to quicken even profane response. It is then they espy a solitary being, on its legs, in blue and gold, away out forward. They sidle, slip and slide up to it. The being proves to be a ship's officer—first, second, third, or somewhere along the line. But it is alive, has hearty jowls, a big paunch, and hoping these bespeak geniality, they timidly address it.

"Beg pardon, officer, but are these fogs always to be found here on the banks?"

The being is a blue, gold and bronze statue for a long, long time. Finally as they despair and are about to turn away, its red head suddenly turns quarter round, and they involuntarily listen for its click. Then its cavernous, coral mouth expands frightfully while the being roars.

"'Ow the bloody 'ell do H'I know? H'I doant bide 'eere!"

Up in Scotland the grimness and quaintness of humor in speech and anecdote, rather than in rejoinder or situation, is to the traveler an endless ripple of sunshine across the stern features of Scotia's folks and land.

At Galashiels, of a Sunday morning, I came upon two lads savagely disputing where their best interests should lead them to Sunday-school. The lesser of the two, a hard-headed little fellow, closed the controversy and set the pace with.

"Coom awa; coom awa. It's maist for naithing we'll get at the Free Kirk!"

I witnessed a fisherman's bride leaving her old home for the new, at Oban. A sharp-tongued neighbor gave her this grisly god-speed:

"Joan, buck-toath tho' ye are, ye are weel busked and kisted (well dressed and provided); but the deil is na waur-faurd (uglier) than th' auld-beik that owns ye!"

The advent of the doctor when a new baby arrives in lowly homes—as the physician usually brings currant-bannocks, or buns, called "curnie-bannies," with which to divert the attention of the children—is a supreme occasion in child-life experience.

"Hoot!" I heard a wee lassie of Edinburgh old-town relating to her big-eyed comrades in the shadows of a narrow close, "th' dochter brocht us a new bairn th' mornin'! An' a muckle guid dochter he is." Then after a long and impressive silence: "An' he brocht a curnie-bannie—an'—an' a sponge, tae!"

Riding along the Carlisle and Glasgow road in an old trap driven by a serious youth named Andrew, the horse shied, kicked the dashboard in pieces, stopped stock-still, and turned and looked at Andrew.

"Puir beastie! puir beastie!" said Andrew soothingly. Then he dismounted and plucked a tuft of grass which he gave to the animal, with the ruminative remark: "We'll gie't a bite o' girse (grass) t' pit it (the viciousness) oot o' its heid!"

Any intelligent traveller could fill a mirthful volume with these quaint sayings within his own hearing. A crofter who pulled me out of a stream into which I had unwittingly fallen, closed the narration to his friends of his gallant rescue with:

"Oh, ay, I brocht the uncoo Yonkee o'er the heckle-pins sairly!" A Highland guidwife predicted my difficulties in climbing Ben Nevis by remarking, "Ye'll need pit a stoot heart tae th' sty brae;" while a canny and cynical old bookseller of Perth, when ridiculing me for my limited knowledge of the Scottish people, gave his own countrymen the exquisite bit of satire of "Ye'll ne'er rightly ken a Scoatchmon till ye ken him for a mon that keeps the Sawbath—an' all else he can lay his twa hands oopon!"

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

A Samoan Feast.

Tamasese gave us a genuinely native entertainment, wherewith we were much amused. On entering his house we were crowned and garlanded with flowers, a kind of purple everlasting lillies and single gardenas. The gentlemen seated themselves on the ground, the ladies on boat cushions with a canteen to lean against, and then a feast of fish, pigeons, pig, taros, and palusami was spread on banana leaves in front of us. Naturally fingers took the place of knives and forks, nor did our young friends Lavitiiti and Sailau hesitate to carve and give us portions of food with the same implements.

Palusami is a particularly delicious preparation, made of the leaf of the taro cooked in salt water. Cocoanut milk was the beverage provided, but Tamasese and Vatai were quite ready to drink some beer. Food is cooked in an oven, which is a hole made in the ground. In the hole are placed stones, with plenty of wood above and below them. The wood is set on fire and allowed to burn until entirely consumed, by which time the stones are very hot. The ashes are cleared off and the food, previously prepared and wrapped in banana skins, is then cooked on the stones.—The Nineteenth Century.

The Wallace of Switzerland.

William Tell, the Wallace of Switzerland, was born at Altorf, in the Canton of Uri, Switzerland. He was the deliverer of his country from Austrian oppression. The Swiss people honor the memory of Tell, and stories of his valor and bravery are always interesting.

The greatest modern deliverer from cruel and dangerous oppression is Harvard Bronchial Syrup. This infallible and powerful agent successfully battles against coughs, colds, hoarseness, sore throat, and all affections of the bronchial tubes. Harvard Bronchial Syrup is never defeated in its great work; all troubles fall before it and every victim is delivered from danger.

Have you called this mighty agent to your relief? Are you willing to test its power and efficacy? If you are suffering from the effects of colds in any form, you are in danger; remember the results may prove fatal if the troubles are neglected.

Your wise course will be to make use of the deliverer while you have the opportunity. Harvard Bronchial Syrup is too well known to require a more extended notice than is here given. It is the only acknowledged remedy of value in America for all dangers resulting from colds.

Gentlemen

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Fort Sheppard

The City of Kootenay Land and Improvement Company, Limited, will open an office at 26 Fort street, in the Five Sisters block, on the 1st of March, next, when a limited number of lots in the town of Fort Sheppard will be offered for sale.

Sample Chocolate Free.

A postal card addressed to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal, will secure you samples of Menier's delicious imported Chocolate, with directions for using.

—North Kasło, on the shore of Kasło Bay, the best land investment on earth.

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The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

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RESERVE FUND.....£260,000 $1,265,333.

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Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business.

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. apr7-1yr W. J. WARD, MANAGER.

STEAMBOATS.

THE
Northern Pacific
STEAMSHIP COMPANY
IN CONNECTION WITH
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC
Railroad Company,
the Shortest Route to
Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA

S. S. TACOMA, March 21st

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se20

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY
Royal Mail Steamship Line.

THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE
TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING.
(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
Empress of China..	Feb. 15, 1893	Mar. 6, 1893
Empress of India...	Mar. 15, "	Apr. 3, "
Empress of Japan..	Apr. 12, "	Apr. 24, "
Empress of China..	May 3, "	May 15, "
Empress of India ..	May 24, "	June 5, "
Empress of Japan..	June 14, "	June 26, "
Empress of China..	July 5, "	July 17, "
Empress of India ..	July 26, "	Aug. 7, "
Empress of Japan	Aug. 16, "	Aug. 28, "
Empress of China..	Sept. 6, "	Sept. 18, "
Empress of India ..	Sept. 27, "	Oct. 16, "
Empress of Japan..	Oct. 25, "	Nov. 13, "
Empress of China..	Nov. 22, "	Dec. 11, "

And about every month thereafter.

This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 300 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails require a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.

TICKETS to and from all points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.

For full particulars apply to
ALLAN CAMERON, Agent,
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.
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Dist. Pass. Agent,
Vancouver, B. C.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria [illegible] Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, April 15, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda.....FRIDAY, March 31st, 1893, 3 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS CO.
no2 General Agents.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 7 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Walla Walla - - - - April 1
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 19

Taking effect March 25, 1893

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock
For Pender Island Wednesday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock
For Pender Island Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports every Monday at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING,
G. A. CARLTON, Manager.
General Agent.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

BOUND SOUTH. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	STATIONS.	Miles from Wellington.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.
	Ar.	Ar.			Dp.	Dp.	
	12:35 P M	5:58 P M	VICTORIA		8:00 A M	2:30 P M	
	12:30	5:54	RUSSELLS	2	8:14	2:34	
	12:10	5:44	ESQUIMALT	5	8:30	2:41	
	11:45 A M	5:20	GOLDSTREAM	11	8:58	3:09	
	11:30	4:50	SUMMIT SIDING.	15	9:14	3:25	
	10:50	4:18	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	20	9:34	3:36	
	10:37	3:55	COBBLE HILL	25	9:47	3:49	
	10:12	3:44	KOKSILAH	28	10:02	4:04	
	10:07	3:34	DUNCANS	32	10:07	4:14	
	9:38	3:12	COBBLE HILL	39	10:27	4:44	
	9:15	2:55	CHEMAINUS	43	10:45	5:16	
	8:36	2:14	OYSTER BAY SIDG	60	11:30	6:33	
	8:10	1:50 Dp.	NANAIMO Ar.	73	11:50	6:14	
			WELLINGTON "		Ar. 12:15P M	6:39	

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.
oct1

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

AND

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

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The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

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Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

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Northern Pacific

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TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

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It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed.
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
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A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

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To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

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Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	TONNAGE 1117			
8 00 am	Lv	MI	...Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	...Seattle...	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria...	MI	Lv	8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route.
S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	MI	...Tacoma...	132	Ar	4 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	28	....Seattle....	100	Lv	2 20 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend.	55	Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101	..Anacortes..	21	Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123	...Fairhaven..	3	Lv	8 00 am
6 10 am	Ar	131	....Sehome....	1	Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132	...Whatcom...	MI	Lv	6 00 am

‡Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

		MI		A		
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	w pm
12 30 am	Lv	29	.Port Madison	47	Lv	‡ 2 10 pm
	Lv	48	..Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

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PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

A Quiet Afternoon Session but a Livlier Evening Session of the House.

Over a Dozen Public Bills Advanced a Stage—Parliament Buildings Bill Passed.

Friday, March 24, 1893.

The speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. J. H. White.

Hon. Mr. Turner moved the adoption of the report on the parliament buildings bill. The motion was adopted and the bill was read a third time and passed.

The house went into committee, Mr. Foster in the chair, to consider the bill to provide a home for destitute persons.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved amendments providing that the cities could use the home or not as they saw fit. The amendments were adopted.

Mr. Sword moved an amendment providing that inmates of the home should not be allowed to vote at provincial elections. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was reported complete with amendments.

The house went into committee, Mr. Grant in the chair, to consider the sections of the health act which were laid over. After a few technical amendments had been made the committee rose.

Hon. Mr. Davie presented a message from His Honor the Lieutenant-Governon enclosing a bill to make further provision for a land subsidy for and in aid of the British Columbia Southern Railway.

The house went into committee, Mr. Rogers in the chair, to consider the fire insurance policies bill. The bill was reported complete.

The railway bill was considered in committee, Dr. Watt in the chair, and reported complete.

The speaker left the chair at 6 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the supreme court bill, the object of which was to give the Lieutenant-Governor the power to proclaim new judicial districts. Other clauses provided that trials of jury cases must be held at assizes. The present system was different to the system of other provinces where civil jury trials were held at assizes. The present system delayed litigation. If there were stated assizes two or three times a year, jurymen would know when they would be required to attend the courts. At present jurymen never knew when they will be called upon.

The bill was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the execution creditors' priority abolition bill. He had introduced the bill at the request of the Boards of Trade of the Province, who wanted a bankruptcy law. He personally did not think the bill would be constitutional, although a similar bill had been in force for ten years in Ontario. There will be a suspending clause in the bill, so it will not go into force for some time. A similar act was being tested in the east, and he hoped that before the bill went into force the decision of the eastern court would be received. The act would cause a good deal of litigation but not more than there was at present. The object wished for could not be obtained until the Dominion house dealt with it.

Hon. Mr. Beaven had no doubt that there would be difficulty in enforcing the bill, but the general feeling among commercial men was that it should be given a trial. It was a queer thing that the bankruptcy law had not been dealt with by the Dominion house. This he understood was caused by country members being opposed to it. The bill was, however, only experimental.

The bill passed the second reading.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the bill to authorize a grant in aid of the Fraser river traffic bridge. The bill simply gave the city of New Westminster power to pass a by-law to bonus a railway company to build the bridge, and other clauses gave the government the power to assist the municipalities. He brought the bill forward with a great deal of pleasure, as the undertaking would be a great benefit to the province and justified the government in giving the aid proposed in the bill.

Mr. Punch would like to see the government either increase the time limit for building the bridge or increase the bonus.

Hon. Mr. Davie said the matter of increasing the grant would be considered by the government.

Mr. Cotton said the bridge would benefit the cities of New Westminster and Vancouver and other municipalities. The people would like the government to either extend the time or increase the bonus.

Hon. Mr. Beaven had no doubt the construction of the bridge would be a benefit to the province at large. The bridge will be an expensive one to build, and as the city was taking a good deal of responsibility the house should do all they could to assist them. He was quite in favor of the government assisting the city in constructing the bridge. The members of the government should give more explanation about the work, so that the members could decide whether the bonus proposed was large enough or not.

Hon. Mr. Vernon was pleased to see the unanimous feeling on the question, as it was a thoroughly provincial one. Members should look at all questions in the same broad-minded way. He understood that arrangements had been made with a railway company to construct the bridge and call at New Westminster on their way to Vancouver. They would also make it a traffic bridge, and thereby it would be a great benefit to the settlers in the district. All the information as to the cost had been obtained. It was only proper that the government should assist the people of New Westminster, who are taxing themselves pretty heavily for the work.

Mr. Hunter noticed that there were some changes in the mind of the leader of the mainland association, or the Independents. Only a few evenings ago that gentleman had lectured the house about economy, but now he was speaking about assisting New Westminster city to build a bridge. The scheme was unscientific, injudicious and uncommercial, and it would be simply throwing $250,000 into the Fraser river. It would be wrong to throw this money into the river, as the roads, streets and bridges of the province needed repairing. He wondered if the member for Chilliwhack would tell the house now about the poor, unfortunate settlers who had to carry their provisions and products on their backs. The bridge would only benefit New Westminster and a few farms, and he was sure that it would cost a million dollars before it was completed. For these reasons he would have pleasure in supporting the bill. (Laughter.)

Mr. Sword spoke in favor of the bill and supported the suggestions made by Mr. Punch. The present was a very good opportunity of having the work done. There had been a good deal of good-natured chaff about the Independents opposing the parliament buildings bill, but the present measure was a very different one.

Mr. Hunter—It is just the same.

Hon. Col. Baker was sure that it was a source of pleasure to the government to see the unanimity of opinion on the measure before the house. It showed the benefit of "anchoring the capital at Victoria," as the old sectional feeling had disappeared, and the island members were unanimously supporting a measure that would assist the mainland.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said he always had and always would vote for bills for useful public works. During the time he had sat in the house he had never voted against such a measure.

Hon. Mr. Turner said it would be for further consideration as to whether further assistance should be given the city of New Westminster.

Mr. Horne supported the second reading of the bill. It would benefit the city of New Westminster and the province at large. He hoped that the government would pay the interest and sinking fund for ten years instead of five.

Dr. Watt felt justified in supporting the bill, as it would be beneficial to the province. He would take more pleasure in supporting the bill if a more liberal grant was proposed.

Mr. Hall spoke at some length in favor of the bill.

Mr. Grant thought the members from New Westminster should take a lesson from the members from the island who were supporting the present bill. The city and district had been most liberally treated. A great deal of the money to be expended on the bridge would come back to the provincial treasury on account of improvements and industries that would spring up. Something should be mentioned in the bill about the size of the draw. He would vote for the second reading.

Mr. Eberts would support the bill with pleasure. The building of the bridge would redound to the province, as it would connect the province with the outside world, and New Westminster city would be brought in touch with the farmers of the district.

Mr. Booth thought the bill would be a provincial one, and he would support it.

Mr. Kitchen spoke in favor of the bill. The district was getting just its dues in the proposal to construct the bridge. It was true that the city of New Westminster had been well treated, but the district had not. Another opportunity to build the bridge might not occur.

The second reading of the bill was passed unanimously.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the interpretation bill, which would aid in drawing the statutes. The motion was adopted.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the land registry bill. It had nothing to do with the larger bill, which was on the orders of the day, but just applied to registration.

The bill was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the companies bill, which made provision for the disincorporation of companies. The motion was adopted.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second of the notaries public bill, which provides that applicants for the appointment of notaries public should undergo an examination.

Hon. Mr. Beaven thought the bill deserved more explanation.

Mr. Cotton considered the bill a very good one, as it was desirable that there should be rules for the appointment of notaries public.

Mr. Semlin was surprised to hear that so many persons applied to be appointed notaries public. He had paid $10 for the privilege of being one, and he had never realized one dollar by it.

The bill was read a second time.

Mr. Kitchen moved the third reading of the public road bill.

Hon. Mr. Beaven moved as an amendment to the bill providing that the bill should not apply to Victoria.

The amendment was lost and the bill was read a third time and passed.

The house adjourned at 10:30.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

A bill was sent down to the House yesterday by the Lieutenant-Governor to make further provision for a land subsidy for and in aid of the British Columbia Southern railway: Whereas a certain land grant was authorized to be made in aid of the British Columbia and Southern railway, under the name of the Crow's Nest and Kootenay railway, and whereas an act has been passed at the present session of the Legislative Assembly amending the act of incorporation of the British Columbia Southern Railway Company, authorizing the company to construct as an alternative route to the line from Cranbrook to the Lower Kootenay river, authorized by its first charter, a line of railway from Cranbrook to Pilot Bay, on Kootenay Lake or to the Lardo river by way of St. Mary's river, and by further dividing the undertaking of the company and all routes over which its various charters extend, into three distinct sections as in the schedule to said act set out. And whereas it is advisable to make provision for a land grant in respect of either or both of the sections. Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, enacts as follows:

The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may grant to the said company land in the electoral districts of East and West Kootenay not exceeding twenty thousand acres for each mile of railway to be constructed by the said company, under authority of section 4 of the "British Columbia Southern Railway Act Amendment Act, 1891," or of section 1 of the "British Columbia Southern Railway Act Amendment Act, 1893."

Of Course You Read

The testimonials frequently published in this paper relating to Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are from reliable people, state simple facts, and show beyond a doubt that HOOD'S CURES. Why don't you try this medicine? Be sure to get Hood's.

Constipation, and all troubles with the digestive organs and the liver are cured by HOOD'S PILLS. Unequalled as a dinner pill.

THEY SLEEP LATE.

A great many Victorians are sleeping past the hour for making good investments in North Kaslo City property. Awake, O sleeper, and be wise to-day! A few dollars invested in this property now will make you a fortune. Property in Kaslo will be selling as high as $10,000 a lot inside of six months. Please paste this in your scrapbook and let time fulfil my prediction, but do not fail to secure some of this

Charts, tide tables, nautical books and almanacks at J. Johnson & Co. *

A COURT OFFICIAL!

A Red-Letter Day in His Life!

Rescued From a Terrible Condition!

How It Was Done!

WM. GARVEY.

Mr. Wm. Garvey, of Morrisburg, Ont., is clerk of the division court, and one of the most respected and best-known men in eastern Ontario. Some time ago Mr. Garvey's condition of health was alarming and critical. His case was one that demanded prompt and careful treatment. Experiments were out of the question; the gravity of his condition required the best and most effective measures that science could devise. With great decision and wisdom, Paine's Celery Compound was used, and here, reader, observe the grand results! Mr. Garvey's joyful confession fully explains the work accomplished; he says: "I am completely restored."

Mr. Garvey writes as follows for the benefit of all sufferers:

"It is with great pleasure I add my testimony to the merits of your popular remedy for nervousness and general broken-down condition of the body. I could not sleep nights and had no appetite to eat. I commenced to obtain help from the first bottle used; and after using ten bottles of Paine's Celery Compound, which I bought from F. B. Carman, the well-known druggist here, I must say I am completely restored. I cheerfully recommend all to use it who are in a bad condition, assuring them they will certainly receive help from its use.

WM. GARVEY,
Clerk of Division Court."

Spanish Libraries.

The managers of Spanish libraries have a good deal to learn, it would seem, before the conveniences for readers are what they should be. The National library at Madrid is open only for a few hours in the day, and the greater part of that time, according to Senor Valdes, is spent in securing a volume that one does not want. The ticket is filled up and presented to an official; he reads it carefully and hands it to a colleague. It passes through several hands, and is then returned to the would-be reader with a suggestion to try the room opposite. In the second room the process is repeated; in a third room he at length discovers that the volume asked for is not in the library. A second application in due course evokes the answer, "The book you desire is on an upper shelf; it would be rather dangerous to get at it; if you would not mind choosing another——" A choice is made at random, and then the bell rings for the library to close.—London Standard.

IF YOU USE SUNLIGHT YOU'RE RIGHT.

This world-renowned Soap stands at the head of all Laundry and Household Soap, both for quality and extent of sales.

Used according to directions, it does away with all the old-fashioned drudgery of wash day. Try it; you won't be disappointed.

SUNLIGHT SOAP has been in use in Windsor Castle for the past 3 years, and its manufacturers have been specially appointed

SOAPMAKERS TO THE QUEEN

Awarded 11 Gold Medals

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA

BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,

VICTORIA, B.C.

TENDERS.

Separate tenders, accompanied by samples, will be received at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 29th inst., at 4 p. m., for supplying summer uniforms and shoes to the police force. Specifications may be seen at the office of the superintendent of police.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, March 23, 1893.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.).

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). | **THE SOUTH FIELD COAL** (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

Victoria's Leading Merchants

TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL.
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT
that your advertisement is not
IN THE TIMES?

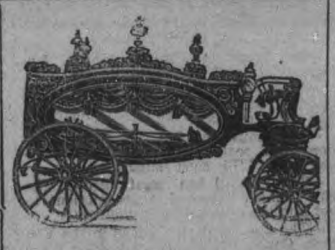
CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING
At moderate charges, at
Colonist's Printing Office
Telephone 192.
38 FORT STREET.

MUNROE MILLER,
Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

Are You In It?
The best investment
•• a business man can make is a judicious ex-
•• penditure in newspaper advertising. It is better
•• than real estate. If only a small ad. is
•• wanted try a card in this column.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Improved Property at Moderate Rates of Interest.
STRAIGHT LOANS FOR A TERM OF YEARS.
—APPLY TO THE—
North British Canadian Investment Co.
LIMITED,
ARTHUR ROBERTSON,
c8 Agent, 6 Bastion Square, Victoria.



CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government street Victoria.

CHEAP TEETH.
I offer to furnish 500 patients for the next sixty days with my improved Artificial Teeth for nearly one half the usual price. Remember that they are not common rubber plates, but an art in dental science. The latest method used for all dental operations, Crown and bridge work a specialty. Old gold bought or taken in exchange for dental work. Remember DR. HARTMAN'S Dental Parlors, 73½ Government Street, fe24-tf

Use German Magic Pile Cure.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.
Just Arrived
Choice well selected varieties of Japan' great flower
The Iris.
My usual full line of best sorts of LILIES; double TREE PENIES; charming FERN PLANTS, in a variety of fancy shapes; FRUITING PLUM TREES, &c., &c.
AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.
Some capital quality MATTING; Cotton Crepe Draping Material, &c., &c.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

PETERBORO Open, Sailing, Paddling and Hunting
CANOES.
For sale on the monthly instalment plan. For prices and terms apply at 18 TROUNCE AVENUE, and secure one in the first shipment. fe24-1m

Do You Write for the Papers?
If you do, you should have THE LADDER OF JOURNALISM, a Text-Book for Correspondents, Reporters, Editors and General Writers.
PRICE, 50 CENTS.
SENT ON RECEIPT OF PRICE, BY
ALLAN FORMAN,
117 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.
State where you saw this and you will receive a handsome lithograph for framing.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the late firm will be carried on by Messrs. H. F. Heisterman and G. W. Haynes, under the firm name of Heisterman & Co.

Dated at Victoria this 28th day of February, 1893.

H. F. HEISTERMAN.
GEO. W. HAYNES.
feb28-1m FOSTER MACGURN.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, m29-tf 57 Third street Victoria

LEGAL NOTICES.

WARNING.

Notice is hereby given that all parties are warned against trespassing or purchasing any part of the lands comprised in the following pre-emption records on Campbell River o Duncan's Bay, about the so-called town of Duluth, as all the following parties, or persons purchasing therefrom, are trespassers. We are informed that some of these persons have had a portion of the land surveyed as townsite and are endeavoring to impose the lots on the public.

Name.	No. of P. R.	Date.	Acreage.
F. Nurms	222	4th Septemb'r, 1889	160
M. Phipps	176	17th Decemb'r, 1889	160
A. J. Galergno	514	7th October, 1891	160
Brown & Crawford	558	7th December, 1891	320
John McKenzie	587	4th January, 1892	160
Campbell & Smith	603	20th February, 1892	320
J. M. Leigh	660	6th June, 1892	160

THE MACLAREN ROSS LUMBER COMPANY, Limited.
mar3-tf-d&w

A CORRECTION.

To the Editor: An advertisement appears in your columns which does us and many others a great injustice. I refer to that of Ross, McLaren & Co. re the townsite of Duluth. None of the land referred to in the advertisement is in any way conected with the townsite of Duluth. Our land, as well as any other that has been platted or added to Duluth is ours in fee simple by virtue of a crown grant issued two years ago, and the title is indisputable.

Very respectfully,
KING & CASEY.

Best aid to the Amateur, the Artist, and to those fond of a beautiful Home. 36 Colored Pictures given with a year's subscription for only $1.60. Complete instructions and designs given for Embroidery, Wood Carving, China Painting, Modeling, Oil, Water and Mineral Color Painting, and every branch of Home Decoration. No home is complete without this beautifully illustrated guide.

Everyone who sends $1 direct to our office for one year's subscription will get **Free, as a Premium,** a copy of our exquisite water-color fac-simile—"The Trysting Place," size 27x22 inches—which has never been sold for less than $10, and which makes a most beautiful gift for any occasion.

Sample copy of the Magazine, with 2 Colored Pictures, sent for 20c. Catalogue Free.

THE ART INTERCHANGE CO., 9 Desbrosses St., N. Y.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
931 Douglas Street.

THOS. SPENCE,
Notary Public and Land Agent
KELOWNA
Okanagan Mission, B.C.
y-Aw

The Stanley House

CASH DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY.
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.
COR. OF FORT ST.

OUR FIRST GRAND OPENING

New Spring Millinery

Personally selected by our MR. HAMPSON while in Europe and New York,

On Tuesday, MARCH 21st, And following days.

W. S. Hampson & Co.

J. HORNER & CO.

Argyle House

Just received 2 Cases

New Corsets

THE LONGCHAMPS,

The Corset of the Period. To insure a perfect fitting costume nothing is more essential than a perfect fitting Corset, and one that will readily adapt itself to the figure, imparting the long waisted, graceful appearance so desirable for the present fashion. The Longchamps Corsets possess the necessary qualities and are so comfortable that they cannot fail to be universally worn. In Grey Coutille, $150 a pair. Black, $2 a pair.

SEWELL'S RIVAL CORSET

5 Hook. Long Waisted. Black Sateen, $1.50 a pair.

The New Long Waisted

5 Hook Corset. This Corset is cut on the lines of the latest French model. $1 25 per pair.

5 Hooks Grey Coutille Corsets $1 per pair.

A Nice New Corset 75c. a pair.

J. Horner & Co.

McLEOD CASE TERMINATED.

The Presbytery Dismissed the Complaint Against the Pastor by a Full Vote.

Verdict Accepted by the Petitioners—General Reconciliation Followed.

After sitting for a total of eleven hours in secret conclave the Presbytery of Vancouver Island reached a settlement of the McLeod case yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The church court returned a verdict dismissing the charges, and it was accepted by both sides. The petitioners and Mr. McLeod were called into the school room of St. Andrew's church at the hour mentioned and the following resolution, which had been adopted unanimously, was read to them:

"Moved by Rev. E. D. McLaren, seconded by Rev. J. W. McMillan, and resolved:

"That this Presbytery deeply regret the unfortunate alienation from the minister of St. Andrew's church of the sympathy and co-operation of certain members of the congregation, and express their conviction that the alienation has resulted in many cases from misunderstandings about matters of very slight importance.

They place on record their unqualified confidence in Mr. McLeod's ministerial character, and they deplore the injury that has been done him by unkind and baseless statements made by some of the petitioners.

"They bear most hearty testimony to Mr. McLeod's great ability, and to his untiring energy in the work of the church at large, as well as in the work of his own particular congregation, and they desire to express, in the strongest possible terms, their admiration of his many attractive personal qualities and the bold fearlessness with which he has always been ready to champion every cause of social reform.

"They have noticed, with great interest and satisfaction, the steady growth of the congregation under Mr. McLeod's ministration, and they are gratified to learn from the statement of the chairman of the board of managers that there is not even a single sitting vacant in the body of the church.

"They express the hope that the session may be able in some way to retain for the congregation the active sympathy and active co-operation of the petitioners and of those who share their views, some of whom have for many years been identified with the congregation, are deeply interested in its welfare, and have been greatly distressed by the present unhappy condition of affairs.

"They consider that they have secured all the information that would be likely to be elicited by the institution of a more formal process of investigation, and they therefore dismiss the petition with an earnest injunction to all parties to seek the things that make for peace."

Rev. Mr. McLeod immediately afterwards handed up this statement: "I acquiesce in the finding of the Presbytery on my own behalf and on behalf of the session of St. Andrew's church. I further gladly put myself in the hands of the session as to what my future course shall be in the interests of the church."

The petitioners then handed in the following: "Having carefully considered the finding of the Presbytery, read in their hearing and also the statement of acquiescence of Mr. McLeod on behalf of himself and the session, in the interests of peace and of the spiritual welfare of the congregation, we accept the same finding."

Mr. Hutchinson said he did not believe in doing things by halves and wanted to know if Rev. Mr. McLeod would shake hands with the petitioners. The pastor gladly responded, and all shook hands. The scene was a remarkable one. Many were moved to tears.

Rev. Thomas Scouler, the moderator, expressed satisfaction at the pleasant termination of the case. The Presbytery granted Mr. McLeod a three-months' leave of absence and adjourned after prayers.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—St., Barnabas Church concert has been postponed till after Easter.

—The drawing for a gold watch given by the Y.M.I. takes place in the Y.M.I. hall this evening.

—The house of Mr. Gardiner, Cadboro Bay road, was entered on Tuesday and $275 cash stolen.

—The rainfall has again flooded the city lock-up. The police are anxious to get into the proposed new quarters.

—The auction sale of racks in the Victoria Canoe Club house will take place next Saturday afternon at 2 o'clock.

—Arrangements are complete for the closing dance and social of the Iolanthes to be held in the Philharmonic Hall on Friday, April 7th.

—The Victoria West and Esquimalt I.O.G.T., will attend the special temperance service in the Victoria West Methodist church to-morrow evening.

—Bishop Perrin will be consecrated to-day in Westminster Abbey. Commemoration services were held in Christ Church Cathedral this morning.

—Chief of Police Sheppard has forwarded copies of the newspapers containing the account of Pirie's decease to his family, who live near Aberdeen, Scotland.

—Dr. Hanington wishes a contradiction published of the statement that he is assisting Dr. Duncan in vaccinating the Chinese. He is not assisting Dr. Duncan in any way.

—Mrs. E. Chislett won the drawing of the Vancouver Island Building Society which took place last night. The winning numbers were No. 2 A and B. Appropriation, $2000.

—The sale of work in Christ church Cathedral school room yesterday afternoon and evening was a success. A neat little sum was realized which will go towards home missions.

—J. A. Graham was summoned in the police court this morning for canvassing for an eastern firm without a license. Mr. Graham explained that he acted in ignorance of the law. The case was adjourned till Monday to permit of the payment of the $50 license.

—Thieves broke into the office of Dr. S.M. Hartman last night and stole several gold plates and gold filled teeth. The thieves were evidently looking for money as all the drawers wer tossed about.

—To-morrow being Palm Sunday there will be distribution of palm at St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Cathedral. The usual Palm Sunday procession round the inside of the church will be held. Father Le Terme preaches at evening service.

—Property in North Kaslo City going fast. Get in on time. Head office at 104 Yates street.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World Here and Elsewhere.

BASEBALL.

OBJECTION TO THE RULES.

THE new rules in baseball are liable to meet with opposition, especially the one placing the pitcher back on a line with first and third base. It is going to increase batting, as was designed, as it will, in addition to destroying the pitcher's speed, make a great opening for bunts. It will, however, give the pitcher a fine chance to watch the bases, and will in a way keep down base stealing. This is a vital objection to it. The Victoria teams will probably play under the old rules

ATHLETIC.

EASTER MONDAY TOURNAMENT.

Hon. Col. Baker, Minister of Education and Provincial Secretary, has kindly consented to act as referee at the tug-of-war contests on Easter Monday evening in the Market Hall, for the benefit of St. Mark's Episcopal church. The Lieutenant-Governor has extended his patronage. Messrs. W. Fisher, W. W. Graham and J. Short, of Saanich road, have joined the committee.

FOOTBALL.

Match between Victoria juniors and Comrig college at Beacon Hill park this afternoon.

LACROSSE.

Victoria Lacrosse club executive hold a meeting this evening at the office of Robt. Irving, Broad street. The keys of the new buildings at Caledonian park have been handed over by the contractor.

THE TURF.

A meeting of the Victoria Jockey club was held at the offices of Dalby and Claxton last night. A programme for the coming season will be issued in a few days.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.

R. E. Lemon is down from Nelson.

E. J. Palmer is down from Chemainus.

Allan Cameron went to Nanaimo to-day.

T. D. Conway, of Chemainus, is at the Oriental.

L. H. Northey returned from Tacoma yesterday.

Thos. Allice returned from Vancouver last night.

Jack Anderson, of sheep fame, is over from the Sound.

Chas. Todd returned from the Mainland yesterday.

Miss Madigan has returned from a visit to the Sound.

Dr. Coverton, of Spokane, is visiting friends in the city.

J. R. Anderson and Mrs. Anderson returned from Vancouver last evening.

P. A. Fischel, Miss Monteith and F. Victor Austin left for Vancouver this morning.

Mrs. Walter Chambers and Mrs. Joe Hayward left for Seattle to-day on the North Pacific.

M. J. Mitchell of the Douglas street Market, to-day offered for sale the first lamb of the season.

Miss Nellie Egan, of San Francisco, who has been spending a year in the Northwest with relatives, left for home on the Umatilla to-day.

Frank Bakeman and M. K. Jones, of the Canada Western, are spending a couple of days at Seattle. They will be home this afternoon.

Revs. Scouler, McMillan, McLaren, Maxwell and Buchanan, who were in attendance at the Presbytery meeting left for home on the Islander this morning.

Strickland Bevans, wife and daughter of Duncan's Station, are in the city. They will leave in a few days on a trip through the eastern provinces and the United Kingdom.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Where, When and by Whom Divine Worship Will be Held To-morrow.

Emmanuel Baptist church, Spring Ridge—Opening service on Sunday, 26th. Rev. M. L. Rugg, of Seattle, former pastor of Calvary church, will preach morning and evening. Afternoon at 3, mass meeting, at which the ministers of different churches will be present and address the meeting.

Methodist Church, Victoria West—11 a.m. and 7 p. m., George H. Morden. A special temperance service will be held in the evening. The Victoria West and Esquimalt Lodges, I. O. G. T., will be in attendance. Temperance sermon by the pastor. Anthem and voluntary by the choir.

Esquimalt—10.30 a.m., Mr. A. Lee; 6.30 p.m., Lieut. Stileman.

Calvary Baptist church will be closed to-morrow morning on account of the opening of new Emmanuel Baptist church, where there will be three special services.

St. Saviour's Church, Victoria West—Holy communion at 8 a.m.; services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.; preacher, Rev. W. D. Barber. Sunday School and Bible class at 3 p.m. Services during the week at 4 p.m. and Wednesday, 7.30, and Friday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Calvary Baptist Church—Rev. J. E. Coombs, pastor—No service in the morning owing to dedicatory services at Emmanuel church. Evening—Third in series of sermons on Revelations, "Inspection of the Power House." Prelude on the query: "Is He Leader of the Opposition or the Liquorites?"

Centennial Methodist Church, Gorge road—Rev. James H. White, pastor. Sunday, March 26—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. by the pastor. Morning subject, "Spiritual Gunnery." Evening subject, "St. Catharine the Mother of the Salvation Army." Sunday school at 2.30 p.m.

WE NEVER WHISPER.

We never whisper our prices. We yell them out and mark them in plain figures on all our goods. Russell, McDonald and Co., 131 Douglas street.

Accidents in Plenty.

San Francisco, March 25.—Two accidents occurred on the Southern Pacific line on army street this morning within a mile of one another. The first happened about 3 o'clock, when a freight train from Monterey jumped the track and over ten cars were demolished. Shortly before 6 o'clock a passenger train from San Jose collided with an engine which was working on the track. Although the passenger train was crowded no one was seriously injured.

RATTLING BARGAINS.

Crape cloth, twenty-five cents per yard; moreens, twenty-five cents; doubl width cashmeres in black or colors, twenty-five cents; double fold all wool fancy dress goods, twenty-five cents, at Russell and McDonald's.

—Head office North Kaslo City property at 104 Yates street.

Rigby waterproofs are now the correct thing. The day for rubber clothing is ended

—Wall paper remnants and last season's patterns at greatly reduced prices at Weiler Bros.

Tongues and sounds, mackerel, new Labrador herring and smoked salmon at Jameson's, 33 Fort street.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 87 Government street.

A Physiological Fancy.

It is surprising how many people believe that the entire body of a man is renewed every seven years exactly. This used to be taught in books, and although not orthodox now, is still accepted as gospel by many.

To show its inaccuracy one has only to hit a nail on his finger hard enough, for in that case the injured object will come off and be replaced by an entirely new nail.

If this process occupied seven years such an accident would be a very tiresome affair, but, as any mechanic will tell you, it only occupies a few weeks. The growth is more rapid in summer than winter, but never taking more than four months.

So far as the nails are concerned, then, the renewal process is repeated about twenty-one times during the regulation seven years, and the theory is thus destroyed, even if no other proofs of its falsity were forthcoming.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer North Pacific from the Sound—Oppenheimer Bros, H L Salmon, T J Trapp and Co, A P Eaglehardt, John Parker, McMillan and H. H Saunders, R Gordon, T W Fletcher, Hutchins and R.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—D Spencer, J Hutcheson, J A T Caton, C Hayward, J Piercy, Hudson Bay Co, Turner, Beeton and Co, care of Bank of Montreal, J Partridge, J Hutcheson, J McCallum, Langley and Co, Lens and Leiser, H Bay Co, Tai Fung, Thos Earle, Major and Eldridge, A Gallety, Brown Bros, C H Bossi, Carne and Munsie, H Bornstein, J H Gordon, J B Johnson, J P Matthews, J H Franck, J H Grice and Co, R H Jameson, W J Dwyer, Vic Brewing Co, Colbert and Warner, C H Wilson, Ramsay Bros, Weiler Bros, Dom Ex Co.

CABINET PHOTOS $3 PER DOZ.

CUT IN HALF

Our price for Cabinet Photos was Six Dollars, now it is THREE DOLLARS.

This will hold for ONE MONTH.

Note the address:

SKENE LOWE, Photographer, 63 Government Street, (Successor to Hall & Lowe.)

fe25-1m

Good Cabinet Photos —ONLY— $2 PER DOZEN, At JONES' Studio, 60 Yates Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A boy for work in a store. Apply 46 Fort St. mar24

FOR SALE—200 acres at Toquart. Apply to H. F. Heisterman & Co. mar25-1m

NOTICE.

We have several good tenants for 5 and 7 room houses. Returns rendered monthly. BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO., mar25-1w Williams Building Broad St.

TENDERS

Will be received until May 1st for purchase of four lots, all under cultivation, each 60x120 ft., on Alpha and Beta Sts., off Burnside Road; including new house, stable, work shop, summer-house and 20 fruit trees. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Tenders to R. H. SELLICK, on premises. mar25-1m

GRAND FANCY DRESS BALL AT THE Philharmonic Hall, Tuesday, April 11th.

Tickets, $1.50 each including supper. Music by Professor Haynes. Supper from Whitelaw's. No masks allowed. Tickets at Waitt's music store. Doors open at 8.30. m25-td

CITY POUND.

In City Pound ONE BAY HORSE, white streak on nose. Will be sold at City Pound by auction, at 12 o'clock noon, April 8th, if not redeemed and pound charges paid on or before that date.

ANDREW SHAW, March. 25th. Pound Keeper.

AUCTION SALE

At No. 60 Princess Ave.,

On MONDAY, March 27, at 2 p.m.

The VICTORIA AUCTION CO. have received instructions from Mr. Turner, to sell (without reserve) his almost new and well kept furniture and effects, consisting of b. w. bedroom suite, bedstead and mattresses, excellent bed-lounge, wardrobe, sideboard, centre table, hanging lamp, dining and kitchen chairs, English Brussels and other carpet, linoleum, Singer sewing machine, lace curtains, blinds, pictures, kitchen table (with bins), No. 8 cook stove, cooking utensils, crockery, glassware, etc., grindstone and other useful articles. Terms Cash.

WM. T. HARDAKER, mar25-1t Auctioneer.

SEE THE BRANTFORDS FOR 1893

THEY HAVE THE BEST TIRE — THEY ARE LIGHT YET STRONG

There is nothing like them.

MANUFACTURED BY

DEPOT: 113 YONGE ST. TORONTO | THE GOOLD BICYCLE CO. LTD. BRANTFORD, ONT.

Weiler Bros.

NEW GOODS.

Bamboo Furniture Novelties.
Linoleums and Oilcloths. All qualities. 90 pieces just arrived
Art Silks. Plain and figured.
Curtain and Drapery Goods in great variety.
Large additions to our Carpet Stock.
Window Shades and Curtain Poles in great variety. All latest styles.
Largest Stock of Furniture, Crockery, Glassware and House Furnishing Goods in the Province.

LADIES COME AND SEE OUR NEW GOODS. YOU WILL BE DELIGHTED.

Showrooms: 51 to 55 Fort Street.

The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society

Issues all the latest and most equitable forms of Insurance offered to the public.

New Business for 1892, - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, 76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON, Manager for Province of B. C.
OFFICE: 43½ GOVERNMENT ST.

In the Gentle Springtime

Take a walk down to the corner of Government and Johnson Streets and get the latest styles in Footwear from

A. B. Erskine.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

— BANKERS —

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

— AGENTS FOR —

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

TROUT LAKE CITY

WEST KOOTENAY, B. C.

THE ABOVE TOWNSITE IS NOW ON THE MARKET. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The owners intend to expend money on streets and other improvements in the Spring. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Tow site. For the next 30 days Lots will be sold for $150 for corners, $100 inside.

For further particulars apply to C. E. PERRY & Co., at the Head Office, NELSON, B.C.

HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.